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VOL. XIII NO. 147. BOMBAY: MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1925. ONE ANNA

The Bombay Chronicle

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Date.	Steamers.		Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
27th June	MOOLTAN	..		20,847
4th July	KAISAR-I-HIND	..		11,430
11th ,,	MALWA*	..		10,941
18th ,,	RANPURA	..		16,100
25th ,,	MALOJA x	..		20,837
1st Aug.	CHINA	..		7,952
8th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MANTUA*	10,902
15th ,,	CALEDONIA	..		7,622
22nd ,,	RAZMAK	..	NALDERA x	15,993
29th ,,	MOREA	..		10,911
5th Sept.	RAZMAK	..	MACEDONIA*	11,089
12th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND	..		16,227
19th ,,	RAZMAK	..	NARKUNDA*	16,100
26th ,,	RANPURA	..		
3rd Oct.	RAZMAK	..	MONGOLIA x	16,504
10th ,,	CHINA	..		7,952
17th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MOOLTAN x..	20,847
24th ,,	RAWALPINDI	..		16,100
31st ,,	RAZMAK	..	MALWA * ..	10,941
7th Nov.	RANCHI	..		16,100
14th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MALOJA x ..	20,837
21st ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND	..		11,430
28th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MANTUA *..	10,902
5th Dec.	RANPURA	..		16,100
12th ,,	RAZMAK	..	NALDERAx ..	15,953
19th ,,	DEVANHA	..		8,151
26th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MOREA * ..	10,919
1926.				
2nd Jan.	RAWALPINDI			16,100
9th ,,	RAZMAK	..	NARKUNDA x	16,227
16th ,,	RANCHI	..		16,100
23rd ,,	RAZMAK	..	MACEDONIA *	11,089
30th ,,	KAISA RI-HIND.	..		11,430
6th Feb.	RAZMAK	..	MOOLTAN x	20,847
13th ,,	RANPURA	..		16,585
20th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MALWA *	10,941
27th ,,	RAJPUTANA			16,100
6th Mar.	RAZMAK	..	MALOJA x ..	20,837
13th ,,	RAWALPINDI			16,100
20th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MANTUA * ..	10,902
27th ,,	RANCHI	..		16,100
31st ,,	CHINA	..		7,952
3rd April	RAZMAK	..	NALDERAx ..	15,993
10th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND	..		11,430
17th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MOREA * ..	10,918
24th ,,	RANPURA	..		16,585
1st May	RAZMAK	..	NARKUNDA x	16,227
8th ,,	RAJPUTANA	..		16,100

x Through steamers from Australia, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

* Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India

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Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers.		Tons
25th June	NIRVANA *	..	6,021
16th July	DOMALA	..	8,441
17th Sept.	WARFIELD*	..	6,060
29th Oct.	NIRVANA*	..	6,021
12th Nov.	MANDALA	..	8,246
26th ,,	DUMANA	..	8,427

*Cargo vessels only, will not convey passengers

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P. AND O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO STRAITS, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Date.	Steamers.		Tons.	Connecting at Colombo for Australia with
23rd June	SOUDAN	..	6,696	
25th ,,	NALDERA	..	15,993	To Australia
7th July	SICILIA	..	6,813	DONGOLA
10th ,,	MACEDONIA	..	11,089	
4th Aug.	DELTA	..	8,097	MONGOLIA
7th ,,	NARKUNDA	..	16,227	
1st Sept.	SOUDAN	..	6,696	CATHAY
15th ,,	SICILIA	..	6,813	MALOJA
13th Oct.	DELTA	..	8,097	NALDERA
10th Nov.	SOUDAN	..	6,696	NARKUNDA

* Cargo vessels only, proceed to Japan via Singapore and Shanghai.

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25th ,,	VASANA	..	Buasreh via Karachi.

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Ceylon Maru.	J. Yamada	4905	16th ,,	30th June
*Sado Maru	K. Horikawa	5898	27th June	10th July
Toyooka Maru	S. Enya	7098	17th July	31st July
Muroran Maru	S. Hirai	5374	29th July	12th Aug

*Passengers Steamers.

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Amraoti	Mangalore
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Calicut	Nagpore
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Ferozepore	Sargodha
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Hathras	Tellicherry
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LEGAL NOTICES.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

In the Court of Small Causes.

Suit No. 9035 of 1924.

(1) Bai JERBAI N. WADIA, (2) Sir JAMSHEDJI JEJEEBHOY Baronet, (3) C. N. WADIA (4) M. P. KHAREGHAT, Trustees of Nowroji N. Wadia Trust Building for Parsee Zoroastrians ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

ARDOOBAKER HAJI ABDULLA, administrator of the estate of the late Mr. Jackeria Haji Abdulla. Defendant.

WHEREAS by a decree made in the above suit on the 14th day of May, 1924, it was ordered that the defendant do pay to the Plaintiffs the sum of Rs. 600 for debt and Rs. 95-10-0 for costs.

AND WHEREAS by a Warrant of Sale, dated the Seventh day of May, 1925, the Sheriff of Bombay was directed to sell by Public Auction all the right, title and interest of the Defendant in the lands and premises in the said Warrant mentioned, that is to say.

All that shed of corrugated iron sheet on the Plaintiffs' land, situate at Mazagaon, which land forms part of a large property of the Plaintiffs, containing by admeasurement 13603 square yards and is bounded, on the North by Victoria Road in part and part by the property of Louis Claudino Pera, on the East by a drain and beyond that by the property of Trustees of the Dr. Masina Hospital on the South in part by the property of G. M. Damania and in part by the property of Kikabhoy Premchand and Maneklal Premchand and on the West by Parel Road and which bears Collector's New No. 16326, New Survey No. 1/3652 and Cadastral Survey No. 552 and Municipal E. Ward No. 4739 (1) 4743, 4744, 4747, 4749 and 4751, Street No. 3. 7, 8, 11, 13 and 15 and which said shed is assessed under E Ward No. 4738 (1) Street No. 2, Parel Road in the name of Jakaria Haji Abdulla.

NOW IT IS HEREBY PROCLAIMED AND NOTIFIED that on FRIDAY, the 17th day of July, 1925, at the hour of 4 o'clock (S.T.) in the afternoon the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the said Warrant for sale put up for sale by Public Auction on the premises to the highest bidder and without reserve the right, title and interest of the said Defendant in the said lands and premises or so much thereof as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree, costs of previous and of this execution and of the said Warrant of sale.

The following is a list of the rights, charges, and claims to which the said lands and premises are supposed to be liable:—

(1) Rs. 1,155-15-9 Amount due to the Municipality of Bombay for rates in arrears.

Intimation is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises nor the title of the said Defendant to the same or to any interest therein. Should the said Defendant have no saleable interest whatever in the lot to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation any sum paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.

The abovementioned Plaintiffs have not obtained permission to bid at the sale.

Of the price of the lot one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser, the remainder of the purchase money must be paid in that case by the purchaser to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.

The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to the Government and the lot will be sold free from any interest therein or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff.

Dated this 15th day of June, 1925.

H. MACNAGHTEN,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Messrs. CRAIGIE BLUNT & CAROE, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

C23516

HIGH COURT.

O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 527 of 1925.

THE BANCO NACIONAL ULTRAMARINO ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

ALEXANDER DE'SOUZA & CO., a firm ..... Defendants.

To,

GEORGE DE'SOUZA.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on THURSDAY next the 25th June, 1925, an application will be made to the Chamber Judge on behalf of the Plaintiffs abovenamed for an order that the said Plaintiffs be given leave to execute the decree herein dated 14th April, 1925, against you personally as proprietor of the Defendant firm.

CRAWFORD BAYLEY & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

26th June, 1925.

23514

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that COWASJI DORABJI PANDAY, HORMUSJI SORABJI DUBASH, BAI DHUNBAI SORABJI DUBASH and BAI DHUNBAI BURJORJEE SETHNA, all of Bombay, the proving Executors of the last Will and Testament of the late Mr. Sorabji Dadabhoy Dubash have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us in our office No. 14 K, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

1. All that Piece or Parcel of Mirasi or Doodhani vacant land or ground at Mahableshwar in the Javli, Taluka, District Satara and the Registration Sub-district of Javli and containing by admeasurement one acre and 25 Gunthas or thereabouts and bearing survey No. 12 Pot No. 2 and registered by the Collector under No. 8 and bounded on the East and South by the land of Madhoo Shridhar Chandekekar, on or towards the North by Government land bearing No. 9 and on or towards the West by the land belonging to Mahedeo Shridhar Chandekekar.

2. All that piece or parcel of Mirasi or Doodhani land or ground situate at Mahableshwar in the Javli Taluka, District Satara and Registration Sub-District of Javli and containing by admeasurement six Gunthas or thereabouts and bearing Survey No. 14 and registered by the Collector under No. 8 and bounded on or towards the East and on the North by land bearing No. 2 and on or towards the South by land bearing No. 3 a on or toward the West by the land of Mahadeo Shridhar Chandekekar.

Dated this 20th day of June, 1925.

MERWANJI KOLA AND CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

C23518

HIGH COURT.

O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 1429 of 1925.

1. BAI DHUNBAIJI, wife of Dadabhoy Cowasji Darbari. (2) BAI JAIJI, wife of Dhunjibhoy Rustomji Sethna, (3.) DINSHAW PIROJSHAW SETHNA, (4). DHUNJIBHOY RUSTOMJI SETHNA, (5) MANECKJI DADABHOY DARBARI, and (6). HIRAJI-KAVASJI KOLA, all of Bombay, Parsi Inhabitants, the Trustees of an Indenture of Settlement, dated the 3rd day of December, 1924, the 1st and 2nd plaintiffs also in their capacity as administrices of H. M. Sethna, deceased and residing at Dadar, without the Fort of Bombay, the 3rd plaintiff, residing at Parsi Bazar Street, within the Fort of Bombay, the 4th and 5th plaintiffs, residing at Dadar, without the Fort of Bombay and the 6th plaintiff, residing at Bandra, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

BAI BHICAIJI RUSTOMJI ESKI, the Executrix of Dossabhoy Dorabji Gordhan, also of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, residing at Parel, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendant.

To,

BAI BHICAIJI RUSTOMJI ESKI, the defendant abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiffs have filed the above suit praying that you may be ordered forthwith to deliver possession of the premises mentioned in the plaint, to pay to the plaintiffs Rs. 2,000 being the arrears of rent from 1st November, 1923, to 30th August, 1924, and to pay compensation for use and occupation at the rate of Rs. 200 per mensem from 1st September, 1924, until delivery of possession and for costs AND PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the High Court has fixed the 7th day of July, 1925, for the hearing of the above suit.

Dated this 20th day of June, 1925.

MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

C23519

22-CT. ROLLED GOLD WRIST WATCHES

This is a very new style watch fitted with high grade Swiss mechanism. Glass crystal lined figures Arabic or Roman. Its design and finish will satisfy the most critical test. And an appearance equal to sovereign gold, very charming to look at and perfect time-keeper. Guaranteed for 5 years. Rs. 12/8.

18-carat Rolled Gold Wrist Watch Rs. 7.

American "Big Ben" Clock with repeater and alarm Rs. 10-8-0

World-famed "B" timepiece Rs. 2-8-0

"Emden" Fountain Pen, 14-Carat Rolled Gold Nib, Rs. 2/8.

Write to:—V. S. WATCH Co.,
Post Box 105. MADRAS.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

RE:—THE VIRAMGAM SPG. AND MFG. CO., LTD.
(In Liquidation.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all the property of the above named Company comprising land, Mill buildings and Machinery situated at Viramgam, opposite the Railway Station will be put for sale by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 15th day of August, 1925 at 12-30 noon on the Mill premises at Viramgam.

Description of the property is as under:—

LAND.

The Company owns 1,22,573 square yards of freehold land.

The Company further owns 29,645 square yards of leasehold land more than half of which is on 99 years lease and the rest on 19 years' lease.

BUILDINGS.

In addition to the main Mill Buildings which have ample accommodation for the Mill machinery the Mill owns a Bleaching and Dyeing shed and also well built substantial godowns and Store-houses and a Ginning Factory with 28 Gins. The Mill further owns nicely built and substantial Bunglows for Agents guests, and Mill Officers and a good number of chawls for the Mill workmen.

MACHINERY

The Mill owns the following Machinery:—

SPINNING DEPARTMENT:—

1 Hopper Bale Opener, 3 Combined Openers, 3 Finishers, and 4 Inter Machines, 77 Cards, 8 Drawing Frames, 8 Slubbing Frames of 96 Spindles, 14 Inter Frames of 128 Spindles, 29 Roving Frames of 164 Spindles, 1 Mule of 720 Spindles, and 64 Ring Frames comprising 22,512 Spindles, 2 Doubling Frames of 300 Spindles each, 11 Pirn winding Machines, 73 Reeling Machines and 4 Bundling Presses. Most of the Machinery is of the manufacture of Messrs. Howard and Bullough and has been purchased in the years 1905 to 1910.

WEAVING DEPARTMENT:—

4 Winding Machines of 300 Spindles, 1 Drum Colour winding Machine, 9 Wrapping Machines, 5 Sizing Machines, 11 Drawer Machines, 11 Beam Holder, 565 Looms, 2 Calendars, (1 of 7 Bolls and 1 of 3 Bolls) 2 Sewing Machines, 2 Folding Machines and 5 Baling Presses (Hydraulic).

MECHANIC SHOP:—

The Mill has also got a Mechanic Shop with 3 Drilling Machines, 1 Cutter Grinder, 1 Screw Cutting Machine, Lathes and a foundry on a small scale.

ENGINES:—

The Mill has two Horizontal compound condensing Engines of the manufacture of Messrs. Clayton Bros. The engines are of 450 I. H. P. and 350 I. H. P. These are served by five Lancashire Boilers. In addition there are six small engine Pumps.

WATER WORKS.

There is a sub-artesian well in the Mill compound, water from which is pumped to a tank and is then distributed from the tank to the Mill Buildings as well as to the Officers and other Bungalows to the workmen's chawls. The water service connections are in a sound condition.

ELECTRIC FITTINGS:—

Electric fittings are complete.

The above property of the Company is in the possession of the undersigned as Official Liquidator of the Co., to whom all the inquiries should be addressed.

The above property is open to inspection from now.

H. V. SHIVDASANI,
Official Liquidator,
The Viramgam Spg. & Mfg Co., Ltd.,
(In Liquidation).

Karanj
Sir Rustamji's Bungalow,
Ahmedabad, 15th May, 1925

C23496

AN UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY FOR BONA-FIDE INVESTORS.

OFFERS ARE INVITED for purchase or Lease for 999 years of very valuable Plots of land, admeasuring from 550 to 600 square yards each having a very large frontage on the Tram line at Bhendy Bazar, near Sir J. J. Hospital. For Particulars apply to the undersigned.

JAL D. DICK,
Secretary
Haji Zenal Abedin Shirazi Trust,
No. 1, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay.

23520

NOTICE.

LOSS OF SHARE CERTIFICATES OF THE MADHOWJI DHARAMSI MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHARE CERTIFICATES Nos. 11836 to 11840 in the Madhowji Dharamsi Manufacturing Company, Limited, standing in the name of Dossabhai Vithaldas have been LOST or MISPLACED. All persons having any claim on the said shares or any of them are required to intimate the same to the Company at their Registered Office, Canada Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, within 10 days from the date hereof, after which no claim will be considered and duplicate certificates will be issued.

Dated 22nd June, 1925.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
(Incorporated in England.)

ADDITIONAL WEEK-END UPPER CLASS EXPRESS TRAINS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND POONA DURING POONA SEASON.

COMMENCING from 3rd July, 1925, and during the ensuing Poona Racing season, a week-end Express train for 1st and 2nd class passengers with Dining Saloons will be run between Bombay and Poona to the following time-table.

DOWN TRAIN. (Fridays only).			UP TRAIN. (Sundays only).
18-30 Dep.	V. Terminus (Bombay)	Arr.	23-50
19-16 ,,	Kalyan	Dep.	22-57
19-51 ,,	Neral	,,	2219
20-10 ,,	Karjat	,,	22- 0
21-26 ,,	Khandalla	,,	21- 3
21-37 ,,	Lonavla	,,	20-50
22-14 ,,	Talegaon	,,	20-11
23-44 ,,	Kirkee	,,	19-38
23- 0 Arr.	Poona	,,	19-30

D. A. FENTON,
Chief Transportation Superintendent.

Bombay, 19th June, 1925. C23512

KARACHI MUNICIPALITY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following Posts:—

1. Three posts of BUILDING SURVEYORS on a salary of Rs. 120—10—200 per mensem.
2. One post of a BUILDING SUPERVISER on a salary of Rs. 150—10—200 per mensem.
3. One LAND SURVEYOR on a salary of Rs. 120—10—250, per mensem.
4. One post of a SUB-ENGINEER on a salary of Rs. 200—10—300 per mensem.

All Posts carry an allowance of Rs. 35/- per month for maintaining a motor cycle.

The candidates must be trained graduates of a recognised Engineering Institute and should have an experience of at least 5 years with public bodies for construction of buildings.

Candidates for the Post of a Land Surveyor should be preferably trained in the Trignometrical Survey Department or should have done extensive surveys with a theodolite.

Candidates for the Post of a Sub-Engineer should preferably have independent charge of a Sub-division or have carried out large Engineering Works.

The successful candidates will be appointed on a probation for 6 months in the first instance and if confirmed will be eligible to the benefits of the Municipal Pension Fund, on producing a certificate of physical fitness.

Applicants should state their age and give a chronological summary of their career including copies of testimonials which will not be returned.

No joining expenses will be paid.

Applications must reach the Office of the Executive Engineer on or before 20th July, 1925.

EXECUTIVE ENGINEER,
Karachi Municipality.

Municipal Office,
Karachi.
15th June, 1925.

C23523

THE BROACH FINE COUNTS SPINNING AND WEAVING CO. LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRA ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Eroach Fine Counts Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at the Agakhan Building, 4th floor, near Share Bazar, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 22nd day of June, 1925, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) in the afternoon to confirm as a Special Resolution, the following Resolution which was passed at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders held on the 5th day of June, 1925.

RESOLUTION.

(a) That Article 83 of the Articles of Association of the Company be deleted and the following substituted in its place.

83. Messrs. Brijlal Bilasrai and Co., the Agents of the Company shall be entitled to have two nominees on the Directorate of the Company and the said nominees and their respective successors in office appointed under this clause shall be ex-officio Directors. Every ex-officio Director shall be entitled to hold office until requested to retire by the said Agents and accordingly he shall not be bound to retire by rotation or be subject to clauses 95, 96, or 100, herein and whenever any ex-officio Director vacates office whether upon request as aforesaid or by death or otherwise the said Messrs. Brijlal Bilasrai and Co., may appoint another Director in his place.

The ex-officio Director shall not require any qualification. The ex-officio Director may at any time by notice in writing to the Company resign his office.

(b) That the following be added after Article 117:—

117 (a) The firm of Messrs. Huseinbhoy Dalsukhbhai and Co., having assigned the Agency to the firm of Messrs. Brijlal Bilasrai and Co. The said firm of Messrs. Brijlal Bilasrai and Co., and the partners or the members for the time being constituting the said firm are appointed Agents of the Company from 10th May, 1925, for the unexpired portion of 50 years for which the said Messrs. Huseinbhoy Dalsukhbhai and Co. had been appointed Agents on the same terms and the conditions as are set out in the agreement referred to in Article 117.

By order of the Board,
BRIJLAL BILASRAI & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 6th June, 1925. C23434

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.
Bombay 27th May, 1925.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the PRINCIPAL REGISTER and the BRANCH REGISTERS of the Imperial Bank of India will be CLOSED for transfer of shares from WEDNESDAY, the 1st July, 1925, to WEDNESDAY, the 15th July, 1925, both days inclusive.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
W. LAMB, (Offg.)
Managing Governors.

C23450

FOR SALE.

OFFERS ARE INVITED for the following surplus machinery:

1. One No. 10 Compound Belt driven Ammonia Compressor complete with Condenser and 4 tons Ice tank fitted with crystal gear and 36" Blackman Fan.
2. One 11" x 14" class M.P. Vertical Steam Engine, 29 H.P., suitable for No. 10 Compressor.
3. One 9" x 16" x 24" class L.C. Steam Engine by Marshall with No. Heater.
4. One 24' x 6½' Lancashire Boiler.
5. One 12 H.P. Britania Boiler.
6. One Semi-Portable Robeys Paten Steam Engine and Boiler.
7. One No. 4 Brahma Aerated Water Machine complete with 29 H.P. pipe connections and pulleys, etc.
8. One 4½" x 2½" x 4" B.B. Ram Feed pump.
9. One 3" x 2½" x 3" B. F. Duplex pump.
10. One Gwyne 2" centrifugal pump.
11. One Motor driven Tangeys pump to deliver 10,000 gallons per hour against 55 ft. head (Motor out of order).
12. One 24" Dreadnought Flour Mill.
13. One three pair High break Roller Mill 9" x 9" x 18" R.B.V.M. Type.
14. Two 24" Steam-ford Flour Mills.
15. One Elevator.
16. One Winnower.
17. Two Indian type 3' dia. Horizontal Flour Mills.
18. One Indian type 2' dia. Horizontal Flour Mill.
19. One Belt driven Crompton Dynamo 110 Volts 37 Amp.
20. One 6' x 3' Saw Bench.
21. One 7' x 3' Saw Bench.
22. One D.F. Band Saw.
23. One saw grinder.
24. Two 2½ No. Carters Type Disintrigators.
25. Two Circular Wrought Iron Tanks, each 28 ft. dia. and 14 ft. high.

MANAGER, STATE FACTORIES,
Rampur State (U.P.)

C23485

TENDERS.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF RAIL-BORNE COAL REQUIRED FOR THE BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of 7,20,000 tons of Steam Coal from Bengal, Bihar and Orissa and Pench Valley Coalfields to the Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway to be delivered during the twelve months April, 1926 to March, 1927, into wagons at pitsmouth.

2. The Tenders will be considered ordinarily as for approximately equal monthly supplies, but Tenderers may also, if they so desire, specify deliveries other than in approximately equal monthly quantities.

3. Deliveries shall be made as directed from time to time by notice in writing by the Locomotive Superintendent concerned.

4. The coal must be of the best quality, either hand-picked or screened and be free from shale or other deleterious matter. It must be fresh coal. "Weathered" coal will not be accepted. Only coal actually raised by the contracting firm to be supplied. No "bought" coal will be allowed.

5. Forms of Tender may be obtained from the Office of the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy.

6. No Tender will be considered unless it is submitted on the prescribed Form.

7. Tenders from Colliery Proprietors or recognised Managing Agents only will be considered.

8. The Tenders which may be submitted for the whole or any portion of the quantities noted above should be addressed in sealed covers to the "AGENT, Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway, Bombay, c/o The Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, Calcutta", superscribed "Tenders for the supply of coal" and will be received up to the forenoon of the 4th July, 1925.

9. Successful Tenderers will be expected to execute the Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway Contract Form and no alteration in the same will be permitted.

10. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender or to assign any reason for non-acceptance, he further reserves the right to accept any Tender wholly or in part at his option.

C23513

KATNI
"CASTLE" BRAND
AND
JUBBULPORE
"LOTUS" BRAND
Portland Cements
ALSO
KATNI
FIRE BRICKS,
FIRE CLAY,
BOILER SEATING BLOCKS
FLUE COVERS
All available for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY EX-
BOMBAY STOCK.
THE KATNI CEMENT AND INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.
THE JUBBULPORE PORTLAND CEMENT CO., LTD.
C. MACDONALD & CO.,
AGENTS
Laxmi Building, Ballard Road, Fort-
BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 20418.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

UNIVERSITY EXAMINERSHIPS.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that at a Meeting to be held shortly the Syndicate will proceed to make appointments to Examinerships at the B. A. Pass, B. Com., B. Sc. Subsidiary, B.E. Law and Medical Examinations to be held during the second half of the current calendar year, when, they will be glad to consider any applications that may have been received by the Registrar not later than SATURDAY, the 4th July, 1925. Forms of application and full particulars regarding the appointments may be obtained on application to the Registrar.

2. CANVASSING, DIRECT OR INDIRECT, WILL DISQUALIFY AN APPLICANT FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF EXAMINER.

By order,
FARDUNJI M. DASTUR,
University Registrar.

Bombay, 17th June, 1925 C23502

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS CO. LTD.

LOST SHARE CERTIFICATES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the under-noted three Share Certificates of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company, Limited, standing in the names of the parties specified against them have been lost or mislaid.

Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company, at their Registered Office, Tramway Building, Post-Fort, Bombay No 1, within one month from the date hereof, otherwise duplicate share certificates will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

1. Certificate No. 2961 for 5 Preference shares Nos. 94446 to 94450 in the joint names of Mrs. Rosinha Blandina de Souza and Mr. Reginald Lawrence Monro D'Souza.

2. Certificate No. 12563 for 5 Ordinary shares Nos. 20924 to 20928 in the joint names of Mrs. Rosinha Blandina de Souza and Mr. Reginald Lawrence Monro D'Souza.

3 Certificate No. 12569 for 5 ordinary shares Nos. 481371 to 481375 in the joint names of Mr. Remigio John D'Souza and Mrs. Maria Generoza D'Souza.

R1301

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.

120, Apollo Street, Fort.

On SUNDAY, the 28th day of June, 1925, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNET and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at old Government house Parel. Very valuable handsome made-to-order household furniture of the latest design, rich glass crockery, and plateware, sliding dinning table, arm and without arm chairs, sideboard and dinner wagons, rich carpets, drawing room Chesterfield sofas, and easy chairs, drawing room suit, fancy cabinets table ornaments, writing tables, glass door book and silver cases, reclining sofas, one sweet tone cottage iano, phonograph, easy chairs, low chairs, hat-stands, single and double bedsteads, mirror almyrahs, dressing and wash hand tables, dressing chest of drawers, cloth and gown presses, teapoys, ice box, phonograph, meat safes, crockery, cupboards, aluminium utensils, etc., etc.

The property of Capt R. Malone I.M.S., and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view days before sale.

BENNETT & CO.,

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Readers Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

HALF ANNA PER WORD.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the arvertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words, Apply Box No..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements, are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ANTED—SHORTHAND TYPIST for a Solicitor's office. Experienced only ed apply Box No. 815, Advt. Dept., Bombay Chronicle."
A 23474

ANTED—A competent and hard-working COURT CLERK, those roughly acquainted with the work, in- or and outdoor need only apply with pies of certificates to Box No. 832 dvt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle".
A 23517

ANTED IMMEDIATELY—TRAVELLING AGENTS on Rs. 40 plus out-station allowance 2 per cent. Commission and III Class Railway fare. sh security 500 essential. Apply with one stamp to SYAL HOSIERY STORES, Thakurdwar, Bombay.
23522

ANTED.—Respectable SPARE TIME WORKERS all over Bombay and urbs and mofussil. Opportunity to add ntially to monthly income. Apply Box No. 823, Advt. Dept. "Bombay ronicle."
A 23497

GENTS and DEALERS WANTED everywhere for our most attractive al toys painted in beautiful colours. pple Box Rs. 3 Sample Outfit containing t 250 toys Rs. 30. (Postage or freight nded). Illustrated Catalogue for four as in stamps Write to:—THE INDUS- AL WORKS, Somerset Street Camp, RACHI.
R1304

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ANTED—AGENCY to sell Mill Cloth by a cloth merchant, having ex- nce of 30 years standing. Can influence sales. Apply Box No. 826 Advt. Dept. mbay Chronicle."
R1286

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

INE OFFICE ROOMS.—In NANJEE BUILDING 17, Elphinstone Circle, ird floor. Lift. Central business loca- y. Well lighted, ventilated and com- nding excellent view. Highly suitable big office. Area 1750 Sq. Feet including asamine floors. Rent Rs. 200 only. Apply EVKARAN NANJEE.
C R1277

OR UP-TO-DATE and well ventilated Offices at reasonable rents. Apply THE ASIAN COMMERCIAL ASSURNCE CO. LD., Asian Buildings, Ballard tate, Fort, Bombay.
C 23492

MOTOR AND ACCESSORIES.

OOD OPPORTUNITY for Motor Hirers. Private Motors on hire, for Office use. Exchange and share brokers, from to 5, or any convenient time. Charges nely moderate. Apply Box No. 828, t. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R1291

EDUCATIONAL.

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION—Established 1898.—The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Member of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc., Subjects:—Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand speed classes and all other commercial subjects Excellent results every year. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

BOOKS AND STAMPS.

WANTED—Old Used Native and other STAMPS. Apply:—PARSHOTAM KESHAVJEE, New Bardangally Bombay No. 3.
L. R1296.

FRUITS, FLOWERS, SEEDS,

MANGOES AND LICHIS.

ROSE LICHI 400 Rs. 3/8, 800 Rs. 6 MANGOES—LANGRA Rs. 20; BOMBAY and KISHUNBHOG at Rs. 15 per 100. Pkg. and freight extra. Price with order. N. B.—Mangoes rare, book your orders with cash immediately. Ask for price list for our healthiest mango and Lichi grafts with 1 anna stamp. SUPERINTENDENT, BEHAR GARDEN, No. 3, Darbhanga.
23322

MANGOES AND LICHIES GRAFTS

MANGOES and LICHIES GRAFTS five years old Rs. 30/- three years Rs. 25/-; two years Rs. 20; one year Rs. 13 per dozen. Packing freight extra, price with order. Send one anna stamp for a catalogue of the grafts. SUPERINTENDENT, Estate Garden, Darbhanga.
F 23440

FINEST DESERT PEARS—from the middle of July APPLES in August, sent to any part of India carefully packed by V. P. Post at Rs. 5-10 for 9-lbs. of fruit. Apply to A. H. LEE, Bundrole Orchards, KULU, Punjab.
R 1169.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Newly built PROPERTY at Walkeshwar Road, facing the Sea at a reasonable price. Apply Box No. 833, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle".
G R1302

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

PUNJAB PRODUCE SUPPLIERS—Order for the following:—Indian Drugs, Pulses, Soap-nuts, Liquorice, Gums, Walnuts, Atits, Rice, Myrabollams and other products of the Punjab. From Messrs. BISHEN DAS BAL KISHEN DAS, Rang Mahal, LAHORE.
T 23500

ELECTRIC THERMAC; RUSSIAN BATH Massaging speciality. Charges Moderate. 199, Hornby Road, opp. Taraporevalla Book-sellers.
T R1303

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers, from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle" preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelope.

All protographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
"Bombay Chronicle."
Medows St., Fort. Bombay.

AMUSEMENTS.

Cinema Majestic

Presents THIS WEEK

HINDOOSTAN FILM CO'S.

Hedamb Bakasur Vadha

Hedamb Bakasur Vadha

TIME AND RATES AS USUAL.

AMUSEMENTS.

PATHE' CINEMA

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

PATHE PICTORIAL PATHE COMEDY AND PATHE GAZETTE

SHOWING ALL THIS WEEK AT 6, 8 and 10 P. M.

POPULAR PRICES.

WEST-END

TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK!

A Roaring Comedy Drama in 6 Reels

Starring the world-famed Comedian

MAX LINDER

IN

"CIRCUSMANIA"

Superb Circus Scenes—an hour and half's continuous roars of laughter—

MAX LINDER

as a lion-tamer, but when confronted with a real lion—

The programme inoludes the international News

TO-NIGHT: 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 P. M. (S. T.)

WEST-END

CINEMA—New Churney Road.

WELLINGTON

TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK!

A GREAT DRAMA OF LOVE & WEALTH

A Magnificent Universal-Jewal Drama from the famous stage play by Owen Davis

"UP THE LADDER"

with the wonderfully sublime star. Are Husbands Worth Fighting For? Do you know what the latest scientiffc miracle—the wonderfull invention.

TELEVISION PHONE

is! This apparatus allows one to actually see the person to whom one is speaking over the telephone.

The Programme includes a 2-Reel century comedy.

To-Night: 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 P. M. (S. T.)

WELLINGTON

CINEMA—DHOBI TALAO.

IMPERIAL

presents

TO-NIGHT AND THIS WEEK

KOHINOOR'S SUPER PICTURE

RAMBHA

OF

RAJNAGAR

featuring

Miss ZUBEDA and Miss YEKBAL

and other known stars.

DAILY FOUR SHOWS:—

At 5, 7, 9 & 11 P. M.

EXTRA SHOWS

On Saturdays, Sundays and Bank Holidays at 3 P. M.

AUCTION SALES.

MENESSE & CO.

GREAT WESTERN BUILDING, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON MILL MACHINERY.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 24th June, 1925, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) at their Auction Sale Rooms, Great Western Building, Appollo Street, Bombay, by order of Messrs. Greaves Cotton and Co., Ltd. Bombay, and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser. The Sree Meenakshi Mills, Ltd., of Madura, the following Cotton Mill Machinery comprising in all 10,240 Ring Spindles with Blow Room and Preparatory Machinery by the world renowned makers Howard and Bullough, Ld., 50 Reels by Thomas Holt, Ld., and one Roving Waste Opener by William Tatham, Ld.

This Machinery was shipped to Tuticorin in three shipments and is stored there in godowns provided by Messrs. A. and F. Harvey of Tuticorin, who are acting as Messrs. Greaves Cotton and Co., Ld.'s Clearing Agents. The three shipment comprise:—

(1) S.S. "Clan MacBride" arrived Tuticorin about 3rd April, 1925—603 packages.

(2) S. S. "Clan MacBrayne" arrived Tuticorin about 1st May, 1925—474 packages.

(3) S. S. "Clan Urquhart" arrived Tuticorin about 26th May, 1925—149 packages.

These three shipments totalling 1,226 packages, comprise the following Machines:—

SPINNING MACHINERY BY HOWARD AND BULLOUGH, LD.

Special note:—The Top Rollers and Clearers have been covered in England.

1 No. 4 Hopper Feeder 38in. wide.
1 Single Crighton Opener with cage and delivery lattice.
1 No. 3 Hopper Feeder 38in. wide.
1 Double "Buckley" Opener 38in. wide with Lap Machine.
2 Single Beater Scutcher 38in. wide (Finishers).
29 Revolving Flat Carding Engine 37in. on wire.
9 Drawing Frames each 1 head 8 deliveries 16in. gauge with 3 Magneto Electri Machines.
3 Slubbing Frames, 94 spindles, 4 in 17 1/2in. gauge, 10in. Lift.
6 Intermediate Frames, 126 Spindles 6 in 19 1/2in. gauge, 10in. Lift.
12 Roving Frames, 160 Spindles 8 in 20 1/2in. gauge, 7in. Lift.
32 Twist Spinning Ring Frames, 320 Spindles, 2 5/8in. gauge, 5in. Lift, 1 5/8in. ring with separators, etc.

BOBBIN REELS BY THOMAS HOLT, LD.

25 Single Bobbin Reels, Hand and Power 40 Hanks, 3 1/2in. gauge with Brushes.
25 Single Bobbin Reels, Hand and Power 40 Hanks, 3 1/2in. gauge with Brushes and Crossing Motion.

ROVING WASTE OPENER BY WILLIAM TATHAM, LD.

1 Roving Waste Opener 21 1/4in. wide.

Detailed specifications may be sen at the offices of Messrs. Greaves Cotton and Co Ltd. 1, Forbes Street Bombay, or at their Branch Offices in Ahmedabad and Madras, or at the undersigned.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down and the balance must be paid and the goods must be removed within 28 days from the date of sale.

MENESSE & CO.,

SERIOUS FIRE AT HOWRAH.

CALCUTTA, June 19.

A serious fire broke out in Kappas Cotton Mill, Mahipanchaghara Salkea, Howrah, this afternoon. The damage is estimated at about Rs. 20,000. It is reported that a woman was burned to death and five persons including two other women were badly injured. The injured persons were removed to the Howrah Hospital.—A.P.

ANOTHER WATER MAIN BURST.

(Reproduced from our Sunday Edition).

There was another water main burst yesterday near Venus Cinema, at Parel. It will take about 48 hours to repair the pipe, consequently there will be shortage of water supply to-day.

"LANGTON HALL" GOES ASHORE.

LONDON, June 20.

The steamer "Langton Hall" from Vizagapatam bound for London has gone ashore near Cape St. Vincent in attempting to salve the Italian steamer "Maimate." Attempt to float the "Langton Hall" has failed. Salvage was commenced this morning by the Svitzer Salvage Company. It is not anticipated that they will jettison any cargo. The vessel is resting easily on the sandy bottom and not making water.—Reuter.

NORWAY GOVT. THANKS CAPT. AMUNDSEN.

OSLO, June 19.

At the opening of the Storthing, the President said he wished to express the sentiments of all on the occasion of the safe return of Capt. Amundsen and his brave comrades from the daring journey in which they had staked their lives. A telegram was accordingly sent to Capt. Amundsen welcoming him and his courageous comrades home from the daring journey and thanking him for the courage and energy he had shown for the benefit of research and to the honour of his country. The whole of Oslo was beflagged to celebrate the occasion. Numerous authorities, institutions and associations have sent Capt. Amundsen congratulatory telegrams.—Reuter's Special.

ALLEGED MISAPPROPRIATION IN POONA P. O.

CHARGES FRAMED AGAINST ACCUSED

POONA, June 20.

Mr. H. C. Fleming to-day framed charges against Mr. J. C. Olonghline postmaster, Poona, Budhker, Deputy Treasurer at the General post Office and his assistant Shaik Papa, in connection with the sum of Rs. 2,400 alleged to have been misappropriated by them and committed the accused to sessions. The same three accused and Harihar Kulkarni, head postman, were then further charged with the misappropriation of the item of Rs. 900 on the 23rd February last. The same witness as in the first case are again being examined. All the accused pleaded not guilty but reserved their statements for the sessions trial. The third case involving a sum of Rs. 464 in which the above four accused are charged still remains to be tried.—A.P.

ARREST OF "SUSPICIOUS CHARACTE R."

ALLAHABAD, June 20.

Ramanee Chunder Mittra, a young Bengali from Calcutta, has been arrested here as a suspicious character and called upon to show cause why he should not furnish a bond with two sureties for Rs. 500 each. It appeared the accused told a guide of Canning Hotel at the railway station he was wanted by police under the Bengal Regulation and that he was hiding and he knew how to make bombs. The accused had in possession papers which contained instructions for making bombs. Information from Calcutta showed that the accused was considered to be a bad character and had been sent away by his uncle from home. The case was adjourned for further hearing.

PRETORIA WELCOMES PRINCE.

PRETORIA, June 19.

Massed bands, a choir of 2,000 singers, troops and thousands of people participated in a tremendous welcome to the Prince of Wales in the vast open amphi-theatre in Union Buildings. The Prince, attired in the full-dress uniform of the Guards, stood in brilliant sunshine in full view of the assembled concourse and received many addresses of welcome after which he expressed his pleasure at the nature of the reception accorded to him in the Transvaal. Th speech was followed by most enthusiastic scenes in which ladies pelted his Royal Highness with bunches of wild violets.—Reuter's Special.

NIZAM'S BAN ON "HINDUSTAN TIMES."

POONA, June 20.

The "Mahratta" of Poona learns from its correspondent that His Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad has issued a firman prohibiting the entry by post or parcel of the issues of the daily "Hindustan Times" of Delhi for the reason that its proprietor Pundit Madan Mohan Malaviya has been refused permission to visit Hyderabad.

The urdu weekly "Riyasat" of Delhi has also been prohibited.—A.P.

MR. BOMANJI'S MARRIAGE WITH A FRENCH LADY.

News has reached Bombay that Mr. S. R. Bomanji, the well-known Parsi businessman and Nationalist, married a French lady on June 3rd at Paris. The wedding ceremony, it is stated, was performed by the Mayor of Paris. Mr. Bomanji was dressed in a khadi cap, a khadi coat and khadi pants at the time of the wedding while the sacred thread "Kasti" worn by him at the time was made of Indian stuff and hand-woven. After the wedding there was a dinner where the elite of Paris including many French millionaires and some Indian Princes was present. Mr. Bomanji is now about 60 years old while the French lady whom he has married is stated to be 22.

BOMBAY CENTRAL COOPERATIVE INSTITUTE.

The annual general meeting of the Bombay Central Co-operative Institute was held on Saturday, Mr. G. K. Devadhar presiding.

The annual report and the balance sheet were adopted and the present Board of Management were asked to continue to function until the next Conference. The meeting then proceeded with the discussion of the draft bye-laws till a late hour without finishing the discussion.

S. S. "RAZMAK".

The following are some of the passengers by the P. & O. S.S. "Razmak" which left Bombay on Saturday for Marseilles:—

Major J O Batty, Capt. T A Belben, Capt. J F C Blockley, Capt G S Coleman, Dr C S Fox, Capt P J Hilyard, Mr. S Y A T A Irfani, Mrs. K Kanekar, Mr K Khawaja, Mr. A S Khamisa, Major J O Little, Capt L W Lowth, Capt S R MacDonald, Capt R H and Mrs. Malone and two children, Rev. and Mrs McKelvie, Dr (Miss) A D Medora, Major-Genl. H O Parr, Mr R V Patel, Mr. R D Patel, Mr P M Patel, Mr. B M Patel, Mr B P Patel, Mr K C Patel, Major D G Robinson, Mr. Khazen Sing, Capt. V T Smith, Dr A N Tankaria, Mr P N Vakil, Miss G R J Vakil and Brother, Capt. P Verdon, Mr M Yusuf.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST NON-FASCISTS.

ROME, June 20.

Chamber has adopted a bill dismissing the non-Fascist public servants.—Reuter.

THE LATE SENATOR LA FOLLETTE.

A GREAT AMERICAN.

Senator Robert La Follette whose death, which took place at the age of 69, is announced by Reuter, was "the most important political factor in the United States" till last year, and a "born leader of opposition". His public work began in 1880 when as a fledgling barrister of Wisconsin, he overthrew the Republican boss of his country. A more important victory over the party machine resulted in his going to Washington as a member of the House of Representatives. In 1900 he was elected Governor of Wisconsin on a platform of direct democracy. His term as Governor of Wisconsin marked the definite beginning of Western Progressivism and of an experiment in regional democracy which for the past 21 years has attracted the attention of students of administration in all parts of the world. As Governor he secured the taxation of railroad revenues and thereafter the strict regulation of freight charges in order that the companies might not pass on the burden of taxes to the people in the shape of higher scales. He was thus regarded as, first and foremost, a champion of the people against the railroad magnates. He soon became a "terror to careless and faithless legislators". He stood for the restoration of government to the people, for the protection of industry against control by the financial centres, and above all, for a method of constructive democracy which in the early years of the century began to be described and discussed in the universities and the text-books of local government as the Wisconsin Plan.

In 1906 La Follette was elected to the Senate, and he served as Senator in Washington continuously for the past nineteen years. In 1912 he became a figure of national importance. The Conservative administration of President Taft had stimulated a new Progressivism. Theodore Roosevelt had not yet broken with his party, or put himself at the head of the insurgent Republicans, and La Follette seemed for a short time to be the only leader of the new movement. But the outbreak of the Great War of Europe made an end for the time being of American Progressivism, and La Follette went into eclipse. The Press of America mercilessly and effectually ostracised him for the seven years after 1917. He was wholly against the movement of preparedness which gathered force in America in 1916. He opposed in that year the first American Great-Navy Bill, and in the early months of 1917 when Woodrow Wilson was making towards the war declaration of April, La Follette was a leader of the "little group of wilful men" whom President denounced for blocking his policy. He did nothing, however, to obstruct the war policy after the decision was made. He opposed conscription, but voted for the war credits. He was endlessly abused and he became a solitary figure in the Senate. He kept quiet to bide his time. Not until 1922 did he come up for re-election to the Senate.

By that time the emergence of the third party was seen to be virtually inevitable. La Follette, more obnoxious to the regular Republicans than almost any democrat could be, had hitherto refused to abandon his party, although constantly fighting its machine. But the nomination of Coolidge in June 1924 brought this long-troubled loyalty to an end. A convention of third party delegates, very various in opinion and association, met in Cleveland on July 4th last and nominated La Follette for the Presidency with Senator Wheeler, a radical Democrat from the far western State of Montana, as his running mate for the Vice-Presidency.

Senator La Follette was embodiment of American insurgency. For 46 years he was at grips with the political machine. To him the great interests were the Infamous. The great thing that happened in the last campaign for the Presidency was the rallying of organised Labour to the La Follette standard.

Pitted against him in the campaign were Mr. J. W. Davis ex-Ambassador to Britain and Mr. C. W. Bryan (for the Vice-Presidency), representing the Democrats, Mr. Coolidge, now President) and General Dawes (for the Vice-Presidency) represented the Republicans.

The result of the campaign is too fresh to need repetition. According to the message of November 5th last, La Follette secured only 13 electored votes, out of a total of **531.**

WANTED APPLICATIONS FOR SCHOLARSHIPS.

Y. M, P, A'S APPEAL,

"The Young Men's Parsee Association has, since its inception, been granting scholarships to poor deserving Parsee students, who have been unable to prosecute their studies without such help.

It has been decided this year also to grant about 15 scholarships. applications for which are hereby invited from really needy and hard-working students, who wish to take advantage of the same. Applications must be accompanied by letters of recommendations from two distinguished persons and must be forwarded to the Joint Honorary Secretary, Post Box No. 828, Bombay, before 25th instant.

SALVATION ARMY.

COMMISSIONER JIVANAND'S LECTURES TO WORKMEN.—

Commissioner Jivanand, the Territorial Commander of The Salvation Army in Western India, has during the past week or so, been holding crowded meetings among the labouring classes of the city, Kurla and Matunga assisted by other Salvation Army Officers. To-day at The Army's Byculla Hall, he will give English addresses on "Unpossessed Possessions," and "Last "Things" at the meetings commencing at 9 a.m. and 7-45 p.m. respectively. The meetings are open to the general public. There will be plenty of good singing.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

BOMBAY, June 20

To-day Reuter reported 30 points lower in old crop and 23 to 21 points in new crop in New York futures. The market eased on long liquidation on reports of some rain in West Texas. Liverpool has been rtported 9 to 14 points down. The market declined on scattered selling.

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugars' New York friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co., cable under date 19th instant as under:—

"Market declined on week-end liquidation and some showers in the West."

Although a moderate decline was reported in New York futures the Marwari Bazar opened this morning at Rs. 452 i.e. only Re. 1 lower than—yesterday's closing rate far F. G. Broach—July-August. On buying by Commission Houses and Shroffs and one Japanese firm the market advanced to Rs. 454. at which rate the Bazar remained steady for a long time. On Liverpool opening quotations being reported lower than expected the market gave way to Rs. 452 on Bazar operators selling, and closed at the same rate at 4 p.m. At Cotton green the Bazar opened at Rs. 451 1-2 and going upto Rs. 453 on buying by European Exporters and Marwari Shroffs and closed at Rs. 452 1-2 at 6-30 p.m.

F. G. Broach April-May opened at Rs. 419 and improved to Rs. 420 on Commission Houses buying. Selling by Bazar operators caused the values to decline to Rs. 417 and thee market closed at the same rate. Fine Oomra December January opened at Rs. 392 and closed at Rs. 389 1-2. F. G. Bengal July and December-January were nominally quoted Rs. 382 and Rs. 352 respectively.

Our market for ready cotton was steady yesterday and there was a fairly good demand from Japan Exporters and Millwalas. About 10,0000 Bs. are reported to have changed hands.

COTTON GREEN—CLOSING QUOTATIONS. 6-30 P.M.

Bombay, June 20.

Fully Good Broach April/May ..	417
Fully Good Broach July/Aug. ..	452 1/2
Full Good Bengal Dec./January	351
" " Bengal July ..	381
Fine Oomra Dec./January ..	389

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, June 20.

	Ready average quality.	Ready Fine.
Bengal Superfine M.G.	..	..
" Fine M.G.	..	395
" F.G.M.G.	380	..
Sindh Punjab Fine M.G.	..	395
" F.G.M.G.	380	..
Punjab Americans M.G.	450/60	470/80
Wardha-Hingh. Fine "	400/430	450/60
Nagpur .. Fine M. G.	400/430	450/60
Yeotmal .. Fine M.G.	390/410	440
Pulgaon .. " "	400/420	440/45
Dhamangaon " "	390/400	430/35
Amraoti .. " "	340/85	420
Khamgaon-Akola "	350/85	400/415
Mulkapur " "	350/70	380/400
Khandesh " "	345 55	375/90
" FG.M.G.	..	..
Broach Fine M.G.	..	470/80
" Fully Good "	..	455/65
Muthia Fine "	..	..
" F.G.M.G.	..	..
Dharwar S.G.	..	450
Coompta M.G.	..	450
Westerns "	..	380/425
" H.G.	..	..
Miraj M.G.	..	440/50
Cambodia	..	475/95

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

MESSRS. PATEL BROTHERS' REPORT

Bombay, June 20.

New York Market, 19th June.

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Last known prices in Liverpool.	Closing Prices.	Since previous Close.
23.68	July.	23.50—18	23.38	—30
23.37	Oct.		23.14	—23
22.05	Jan.	22.97—08	22.82	—23
23.30	Mar.		23.09	—21

New York spot on 18th June, 24.35+20; New Orleans 24.30+20.

Telegraphic market advices::—Market declined on prediction of rains in Texas.

July highest 23.76 (10.08 a.m.), lowest 23.35 (2.50 p.m.), range 40 points.

Liverpool Market, 19th June.

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Opening Prices.	Prices at 12 noon.	Closing Prices.	Since previous close.
12.97	Jul.	12.91—06	12.87—10	12.84	—13
12.55	Oct.	12.50—05		12.43	—12
12.41	Jan.			12.32	—09
12.49	Mar.			12.35	—14
	Egyptian				
23.60	Nov.			23.30	—30
22.40	Jan.			22.10	—30

Telegraphic market advices:—(1) Cabled 10.10 a.m.: Light to moderate rainfall Arkansas, West Texas and Texas Gulf Coast.

(2) Cabled 4.35 p.m.: Small market, scattered selling. American cross rate 4.86.

BRASS.

Bombay, June 20.

	Per md.	Rs. a. p
Brass English	3/4	55 12 0
Do	1	55 12 0
Do	1 1/4	55 12 0
Do	1 1/2	55 12 0
Do	1 3/4	55 12 0
Do	2	55 12 0

P. CHRYSTAL & CO.

DAILY COTTON REPORT.

Bombay, June 20

Bombay Quotations at 2-30 p. m.

Description.	Ready	J/Aug. 1925.	A/May 1926.
1924/1925 Crop Broach M. G. F. G.	470/75	453 1/2	420 1/2 D/Jan 392 1/2
Oomra M. G. Fine	410/415		
" M. G. Black leaf.	390/400		
Bengal M. G. Fine	400/405		
" M. G. F. G.	385/90	383	364
Khandesh Black leaf*	365/380		
Khandwa/Sanavad	390/400		
Jalna/Aurangabad	365/85		
Harda	375/425		
Ujjain	365/415		
Parbhani Purna*	385/400		
Nander*	390/405		
Wardha/Warora	445/50		
Nagpur	450/52		
Katol	460/62		
Adoni*	420/25		
Sindh/American	480/85		
Sangli/Miraj	445/50		
Bagalkot*	430/35		
Coompta	443/80		
Tirupur	500 505		
Kadi Viramgam M.G	440/45		
Dholleras* M.G.F.G	430/35		

*No demand.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales	1924-25	1923-24
Receipts to date 19-6-25	9265000	6731009
" Yesterday do	2000	7000
Exports to date do	7896000	5506000
Stock at Ports 19-6-25	396000	318000
" Interior Towns. do	245000	275000
" Liverpool do	844000	484000
Visible Supply 13-6-25	1964000	1361000
Quantity in Sight do	14306000	11269000

Receipts at Bombay.

Yesterday.	1924-25	1923-24	1922-23
11314	3365850	3184194	3443266

Exports by rail from 1st Sept. to 15th June

1924-25	1923-24
14044	19874

Total Stock in Bombay on 18-6-25 7,79,587 B/s. last year—7,85,876 B/s.

Total Shipments from 1st, Sept, to 18th June.

	1924-1925	1923-1924	1922-1923
Europe	605339	1031614	718337
China	318652	209891	359799
Japan	1361309	1201219	1562191
Coast-Ports	29301	48123	45413
Total	2312601	2490847	2685740
Afloat in harbour			
Europe	11738	3887	1910
China Japan & Coast ports	77329	31699	65502
Silver	Gold	Govt Paper.	
72-1-0	21-6-6	69-4-0	

Remarks:—1-0 p.m.:—Yesterday New York closed 30 to 21 down and Liverpool 13 to 9 down on the expectation of there being some rain in Texas.

Here the local market opened at Rs. 452 for old Broach and at the time of writing it is Rs. 453/53½ with new Broach at Rs. 419½, Oomras at Rs. 391½ and Bengals at Rs. 383 and Rs. 353.

Opinion:—We refer our friends to our usual Weekly Market Report published yesterday.

Sampin:—Closed this morning at 318.00, 314.50 and 310.80 for June, September and December respectively these rates being unchanged, unchanged and .20 down.

Ready Cotton:—There was a large demand yesterday, especially for shipment to Japan.

Marwadi Bazar Satur. 3-30 p.m. Market: Steady.

Broach July/August. Rs. 453. A/May 1926 Rs. 419 Oomra D/January Rs. 392. Bengal July Rs. 383. D/January Rs. 354.

BREUL & CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

EAST INDIAN COTTON.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, June 20.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	Since 1st September This year	Last year
Khandesh ..	212	289,968	338,648
Central India	793	327,947	380,491
Barsi and Nagar	475	199,832	200,625
Hyderabad-Gaorani	..	95,919	103,144
Berar	..	559,090	643,711
Central Provinces ..	20	253,258	263,659
Total Oomras ..	1,500	1,726,014	1,850,228
Dholera	3,703	283,990	177,684
N.W. Provinces	..	130,424	121,363
Rajputana ..	339	72,975	86,675
Sind-Punjab	386	355,927	305,494
Broach ..	..	477,571	307,226
Coompta & Dharwar	2,495	141,465	172,318
Westerns-Northerns	533	75,561	79,898
Coconada ..	..	1,257	510
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	1,325	30,589	27,568
Persian ..	..	4,693	7,864
American ..	..	9,649	2
Egyptian and African	1.034	52,248	46,500
Comilla, Burma & other sorts	..	3,487	819
Total ..	11,314	33,65,860	31,84,194

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	1st Sept. to 18th June This year.	Last year
Europe	2,381	589,145	1,031,614
Japan & China ..	6,803	1,677,961	1,411,110
Coast Ports		29,301	48,123
Upcountry by Rail. ..		14,044	19,731
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		89,067	16,815
Total ..	9,184	2,415,712	2,527,393

COTTON—OPENING TONE AND PRICES

Liverpool, June 20.

Future Delivery Prices:—

July	12.73—.11
Oct	12.33—.10
Dec	12.24—.19
Jan	12.21—.11
May	12.27—09
Egyptians:—	
July	28.00—.20
Nov	23.10—.20

London 19th

Belgium 10380

Athens 29350.

Cuban Sugar 12/9 June/July sellers.

CLOSING PRICES. AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

New York, June 20.

Futures at New York:—

July	23.50+.12
Oct	23.36+.22
Jan	23.08+.26
Mar	23.34+.25

Liverpool, June 20.

Cotton Delvery Mid Uplands G.O.C. Liverpool.

July	12.73—.11
Oct	12.33—.10
Jan	12.21—.11
Mar	12.24—.11

COTTON.

Liverpool, June 20.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 3,000 Sales.

Total Day's Sales on Spec. and for Exp. 200 bales.

Total Day's Sales of East Indian 250 bales.

Mid. Americans Spot Universal Standard 13.43 limited request.

Egyptian F. G. F. Sakellaridis 30.60d.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, June 20.

COTTON DELIVERY MID. UPLANDS G.O.C. LIVERPOOL:—

June	12.81 —.11
July	12.73 —.11
August	12.62 —.10
September	12.49 —.10
October	12.33 —.10
November	12.25 —.11
December	12.23 —.11
January	12.21 —.11
February	12.22 —.11
March	12.24 —.11
April	12.24 —.11
May	12.25 —.11
June	12.22 —.11

Tone:—Steady.

AMERICAN MARKET.

New York, June 20.

COTTON:—

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 2,000

Futures at New York:—

July	23.50+12
Oct.	23.36+22
Jan.	23.08+26
March	23.34+25
Spot Cotton at New York	24.25+10
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	23.95+15

Futures at New Orleans:—

July	23.58+14
Oct.	22.99+21

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 21¾.

Demand Bills 48.575.

Silver Commercial Bars foreign mined 687/8.

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, June 20.

Scindia	Good	9.55
	Fully Good	9.95
	Fine	10.35
Bengal	Good	9.65
	Fully Good	10.05
	Fine	10.45
Oomra	Good	10.35
	Fully Good	10.75
	Fine	11.15
Broach	Good	11.10
	Fully Good	11.50
	Fine	11.90

EGYPTIAN COTTON. CLOSING PRICES

Liverpool, June 20.

June	28.35—.45
July	27.75—.45
Aug.	27.25—.40
Sep.	25.95—.30
Oct.	25.00—.15
Nov.	23.10—.20
Dec.	22.65—.20
Jan.	21.95—.15
Feb.	21.75—.15
Mar.	21.70—.15
Apl.	21.65—.15
May	21.60—.15

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT

Total in Sight	14,348,000
Egyptian Visible Supply	160,000
East Indian Visible Supply	226,000
American Visible Supply	1,848,000
Other Visible Supply	274,000
Total Sales	32,000
East Indian Sales	1,200
East Indian Stock	36,000
East Indian Forwarded	10,400
East Indian Imports	9,000
East Indian Speculation	1,300
American Afloat	22,000
East Indian Afloat	21,000
Total Afloat	223,000

Taking of the world's spinners of the American Cotton 276,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS.

London, June 20.

Warsaw Consols 2½ per cent. 25.30.

Exchange on London at Paris Frcs 102.85.

Rentes 3 per cent. 43¼ Ex.

Berlin Cheques on London 31 13/16.

Bar Silver (Spot) 31½.

Closing Tone of Silver:—Little buying short supplies quiet.

Interest day to day loans 3½.

Interest 7 days market loans 3¾.

Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5 March 1925.

A NORDEN AND CO'S CABLE.

BOMBAY, June 20.

Messrs. Ratilal and Co., Cotton Cabin, Mumbadevi have received on Saturday the following cable from their Friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co., of New York:—

"Week end liquidation."

RUBBER.

London, June 20.

Para Up River Fine, Spot 29½ June/July sellers.

Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot 34/- June value.

Tone:—Firm in good New York quotations and some American orders closing rather quit.

WHEAT.

London, June 20.

Wheat Afloat to U. K. 2,430,000.

Barletta Russo—62½ lbs. 55/6 June/July sellers.

Razario Santa—63½ lbs. 57 June/July sellers.

Tone:—Firm—held for higher prices quite.

Australian 55/6 June/July sellers.

tions and some American orders closing

Soft Red Karachi nominal.

London, June 19.

Barletta Russo—62 1/2 lbs. 55/- sellers for June-July.

Rozario Santa Fe—63 1/2 lbs. 56/9 sellers for June-July.

Tone.—Dull and easier on large argentine shipments.

Australian 55/- June-July sellers.

Choice White Karachi 57/- June-July nominal.

Soft Red Karachi nominal.

Tone:—Weak and easier on larger Argentine shipments.

Cargo, Victorian 53/6 paid for April shipment to the Continent.

Cargo, New South Wales in bags 55/- paid for May shipment to Alexandria.

SEEDS.

London, June 19.

Market had very poor tone and demand was slow, practically nothing doing. Closed at £19 3/4 sellers for June-July shipment.

Linseed Bombay £22 1/2 sellers for June-July.

Cottonseed Bombay £9 3/4 sellers for June-July shipment.

Castorseed Bombay—Market was slow and no business doing. Closing at £22 5/8 sellers for June-July shipment.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore, Usual Bold, per ton £21 1/2 June-July nominal.

Rapeseed, Toria, per ton £21 7/8 June-July nominal.

Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, per ton £23 1/8 sellers for June-July.

Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore, per ton £21 1/4 sellers for June-July.

Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore, per ton £23 sellers for June-July.

Tone of Rapeseed:—Inactive and drooping.

LINSEED.

London, June 20.

Linseed Argentine £19¾ J/J sellers firmer very little doing.

Linseed Bombay £22½ J/J sellers.

Cottonseed Bombay £9 11/16 J/J quoted.

Barley steady.

Cottonseed Bombay £22 5/8 J/J sellers.

Rapeseed Ferozepore £21½ J/J nominal.

Rapeseed Toria £21¾ J/J sellers.

Rapeseed Yellow Guzerat £23 1/8 J/J sellers.

Rapeseed Brown Cawnpore £21½ J/J sellers.

Rapeseed Yellow £23 J/J sellers.

Tone:—Neglected.

JAVA SUGAR.

London, June 20.

Fine White Java C. and F. Calcutta 16/- Jul/Sep sellers.

Fine White Java C. and F. Calcutta 16/-Oct/Dec sellers.

Fine White Java C. and F. Calcutta 16/3 Jan/Mar sellers.

Fine White Java C. and F. Bombay 16/5½ Jan/Mar sellers.

Fine White Java C. and F. Karachi 16/6½ Jan/Mar sellers.

METALS.

London, June 20.

	£
English best Selected Copper	62 3/4
Standard Copper G.M.B.	60 5/8
Copper Braziers	77 1/2
Yellow Metal	7 1/2
Hard Spelter	30 1/4
Corrugated Sheets	16 1/8

COPPER.

Bombay, June 20.

	per md.	Rs. a. p.
Copper German	3-4	61 8 0
Copper	1	61 8 0
Copper	1 1-4	61 8 0
Copper American ..	1 1-2	61 8 0
Copper	1 3-4	61 8 0
Copper	2	61 8 0
Japanese Copper Bars ..		62 0 0
Panchteka Joint ..		28 0 0
Copper, English Bars ..		61 0 0
Brass Bars ..		40 0 0
Pat Klat		67 0 0
Lead, Country		26 0 0
Koger Brass, Metal 3-4 ..		53 0 0
" " to 1		53 0 0
" " 1-1-4 to 1-1-2, 1-3-4 to 2		53 0 0
German Copper 1 1-2 to 1-3-4 to 2		61 8 0
American Copper 3-4 to 1, ..		61 8 0
" " 1-1-4 ..		61 8 0

BULLION.

London, June 19.

Bars sold £15,000.

Weekly Bullion shipments £42,300.

Linseed was done in Linseed Calcutta Afloat at £21½.

BARLEY.

London, June 20.

Karachi Barley 41/- July/Aug sellers.

FREIGHT OF COAL.

London, June 19.

Cardiff to Bombay 14/3 to 14/6.

RUBBER.

London, June 19.

Para Up River Fine, Spot 29 1/2 June-July sellers.

Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot 33 1/2 June value.

Tone:—Opened Quiet, closing firmer on some American orders. Ribbed Smoked Sheets 37/- June sellers.

Ribbed smoked sheets 37/- June sellers.

COAL.

London, June 20.

Freight of Coal—Cardiff to Bombay 14/3 to 14/6.

FRENCH PATENT MEDICINES.

FACTORIES DEPOT FOR:

PAIN VANQUISHED WITH

KALMINE (MADE IN FRANCE.)

ONE CACHET for the RELIEF OF PAIN, in 5 minutes. Indispensable in cases of Headache, Neuralgia, **Toothache**, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Stiffness in the back and Limbs, etc. **ONE** ONLY MEDICINE CURES **HUNDREDS OF DIFFERENT PAINS**

Ask **KALMINE** to your Chemist.

Sold in tin Boxes of 1, 2, 6, and 12 cachets.

METASPIRINE (MADE IN FRANCE.)

TWO TIMES MORE ACTIVE AS ORDINARY ASPIRINE

Owing to a small dose of Caffein mixed to these tablets, **METASPIRINE** acts as a **HEART TONIC**, a diuretic, gives no troubles of kidneys and has no bad after-effects as common Aspirine. It is without equal against influenza.

METASPIRINE is a vigorous medicine for **FEVER**, and excites the body to strong **PERSPIRATION** without making the patient weak.

FRUCTINES-VICHY (MADE IN FRANCE.)

A mild and kind laxative or purgative. Real sweets, made with juice o fruit, and with the **MINERAL SALTS, EXTRACTED FROM THE FAMOUS MINERAL WATERS OF VICHY.** (France)

NEUTROSES-VICHY (MADE IN FRANCE.)

Alkaline tablets, with pepermint taste, for any kind of STOMACH DISOR DER These Alkalines are neutralisers of stomachal acids, and **ACT AT ONCE.** Extracted from the celebrated **MINERAL WATERS OF VICHY,** (France)

CHATEL-GUYON-MIRATON.

LAXATIVE AND DEPURATIVE TABLETS WITH CHOCOLATE FLAVOUR. THESE TABLETS ARE MADE WITH THE SALTS CONTAINED BY THE FAMOUS PURGATIVE MINERAL WATERS OF CHATEL-GUYON. (France)

OBTAINABLE BY ALL CHEMISTS.

All these medicines are always kept in stock by the **FACTORIES DEPOT IN INDIA.** Dealers are invited to write, for further inquiries, to

MENASCHÉ, BOCHNER & Co.,

KANTA BLDG., KALBADEVI : : : : : : BOMBAY.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATION.

BOMBAY, June 20.

B. C. RATE—
Bank's selling T. T., 1/5 31/32.
Bank's selling D. D., 1/6.
LONDON—
Bank's selling T. T., 1/6.
Bank's selling D. D., 1/6 1/32.
Bank's buying 3 M/st. D A., 1/6 5/16.
Bank's buying T. T., 1/6 1/16.
Bank's buying D. D., 1/6 3/32.
PARIS—
Bank's selling D. D. Frcs., 740.
Bank's buying 3 M/st. D. A. Frcs., 805.
Bank's buying D. D. Frcs., 790.
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T. T. Rs. 112.
Bank's buying 60 D/st. D. P., Rs. 108.
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D. D., Rs. 156.
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D. D., Rs. 211.
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D. D., Rs. 158¼.
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D. D., Rs. 274½.
CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dol., 4.86-1/8.
London—Paris Frcs., 102.70.
London—Switzerland Frcs., 25.00.
London—Brussels Frcs., 104.00.
London—Rome Liras 131.00.
TONE OF EXCHANGE—
Exchange Market was steady.

London, June 19.

Tele. Transfers 1/6 1/32 steady.
Bar Gold £4 4 11½ steady.
Bar Silver Spot 31 11/16 quiet.

London, June 20.

Tele Transfers 1/61/16 steady.
Bar Gold £4-4-11 1/2 steady.
Bar Silver Spot 31 13/16 quiet.

BULLION.

BOMBAY, June 20.

Sovereigns ready, Rs. 12-8-6.
Sovereigns forward, Rs. 13-7-9.
English 10 oz. Bar Gold, Rs. 21-10.
Bar gold ready, Rs. 21-5.
Bar gold forward, Rs. 21-5-3.
Bar gold 2nd settlement, Rs. 21-5.
Bar silver ready, Rs. 72-7.
Bar silver 1st settlement, Rs. 72-3.
Bar silver 2nd settlement, Rs. 71-15.

LONDON, June 19.

Bar gold ready, s. 84-11½.
Silver ready, d 31-11.
Silver forward, d. 31-10.
TONE OF SILVER—
Very quiet. Very little business doing India bought cash and gold forward. Market likely to move within narrow limit.

LONDON DISCOUNTS—
3 Mos. 4 3-8 per cent.
6 Mos. 4 5-8 per cent
Bank of England Rate 5 per cent.
Money Call 4-4½ per cent.
Money 1 Mos. 4 per cent.
Money 3 Mos. 4 per cent.
Money 6 Mos., 4 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Easy.
Imperial Bank of India Rate, 5 per cent.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

London, June 19.

Stockholm 18.16.
Christiania 28.61.
Amsterdam 12.12.
Switzerland 25.04.
Belgium 103.85 yesterdays.
Athens 294.50 yesterdays.
18th June Cuban Sugar 12/9 June-July sellers.

London, June 19.

Exchange on London in Paris 102.80.
Exchange on London in Germany 20.41 1/8.
Exchange on London in Italy 131.00.

London, June 19

Rentes 3 per cent. 43 1/4 Ex Dividend.
Bar Silver (Spot) 31 11/16.
Bar Silver 2 months hence 31 5/8.
Closing Tone of Silver:—Market closed quiet.
Interest day to day loans 3 1/4.
Interest 7 days market loans 3 3/4.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th March 1925.

STOCKS, ETC.

London, June 20.

	£ s.
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	86 1/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	90 5/8
War Loan 5 per cent 1929/47	99 9/16
Conversion Loan	75 1/8
Indian Loan 5½ per cent	99 5/8
Indian Loan 7 per cent	104 1/2
Consols 2½ per cent	55 5/8
Rupee Paper 3½ per cent	50 1/2
Indian Stock 3½ per cent (Sterling Loan)	64 3/4
Govt. Securities 3 per cent	55 3/4

The previous prices were unchanged.

SHARES

Hongkong Bank £134½.
Chartered Bank £19¾.
National Bank £46¾.
P. and O. Bank £10 5/8.
Eastern Bank £6½.

GOLD.

Bombay, June 20.

Ready:—21-5-6

Vaida.	Opening.	Lowest	Highest	At 6 p. m
Asad	21-6-6	21-5-6		21-5-6
Sravan	21-6-0	21-5-0		21-5-0

Teji Mandi,
Asad 0—2—6
Sravan 0—4—6

Tone:—Market Quiet

SILVER.

Bombay, June 20.

Ready:—72-8-0

Vaida.	Opening	Lowest	Highest	At 6 p. m.
Asad	72-1-0		72-3-0	72-3-0
Sravan	71-12-0	71-15-0		71-15-0

Teji Mandi.
Asad 0—12—0
Sravan 1—3—0

Tone—Market Steady.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, June 24.

Standing Committee Meeting, 1-40 p.m.

	Sunrise a.m.	Sunset. p.m.
June 26 (Fri.)	6h. 3m.	7h. 19m.
June 27 (Sat.)	6h. 4m.	7h. 19m.
June 28 (Sun.)	6h. 4m.	7h. 20m.
June 29 (Mon.)	6h. 4m.	7h. 20m.
June 30 (Tue.)	6h. 5m.	7h. 20m.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.—The Clan Line S.S. "Mackinnon" left Liverpool on the evening of the 19th instant.

S. I. FLOOD RELIEF CENTRAL FUND, BOMBAY.—The 11th meeting of the Working Committee of the Fund will be held at the Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, at 6-30 p.m. to-morrow (Tuesday).

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION.—Under the auspices of the Bombay Sanitary Association, a magic lantern lecture will be delivered by Dr. S. R. Naik on "Consumption" to-day (Monday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) in the Bahata's Chawl, at DeLisle Road.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.—His Excellency the Chancellor of the University of Bombay has nominated the following gentlemen to be Ordinary Fellows of the University:—

Mr. Gangadhar Nilkanth Gokhale, vice Dr. C. J. J. Fox, resigned.

Mr. Virmitra Bhimrav Divatia, M.A. vice Mr. H. Hamill, resigned.

"ALLEGED IMPORTATION OF BUSHIRE OPIUM".—Regarding the report of an opium case published in our issue of the 15th instant it should be stated that Mohomed Tacki Kazerani mentioned as one of the two accused in that case has no connection with Mr. Mohomed Tacki Kazerni of Modi Street, Bombay, who is a merchant and a commission agent.

PAISA FUND GLASS FACTORY.—The opening ceremony of the Show Room of Glass and Pottery Wares produced by the Paisa Fund Glass Factory (Talegaon) will be performed to-day (Monday) at 7-30 a.m. at Thakurdwar, First Floor, Hararwalla Building, (opposite Surya Mahal), by Dr. Nana Sahib Deshmukh, President, Paisa Fund.

CITY'S HEALTH.—The following statement shows the total mortality from 6 a.m. of 19th June, 1925, to 6 a.m. of 20th June, 1925:—

Small-pox attacks 2, death nil; Cholera attack nil, death nil; Plague attack nil, death nil; Influenza attack nil, death nil.

Total mortality (exclusive of still-born) 92.

Total mortality this day last year 85.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.—The B. I. s.s. "Mandalla" which left Bombay on the 11th instant left Aden on the afternoon of the 18th instant.

The homeward P. & O. Mail Steamer "Narkunda" with the Mails from Bombay of 6th instant arrived at Marseilles at 12-30 p.m. on the 19th instant. Passengers travelling by the P. & O. Special Train were due to arrive in London on Saturday evening. The Mails left by the Mail Special and would be delivered in London on Sunday morning.

S. S. "NALDERA."

The following is the list of passengers who are arriving by the S.S. "Naldera" on Friday next:—

Mr. H F and Mrs. Ball and Infant, Condr W P Beer, Lt C M Barber, Sir Basil Blackett, Major G Broughton, Mr. D Chavan, Col Croslegh, Mr F R Daboo, Major B Evans, Mr D E Friedlander, Mr A C Fryer, Capt C R Goad, Mr F Graham, Mr M A Gandhi, Mr M J Hasser, Mr F Huxley, Mr H H Laity, Mr G H and Mrs. Langley, Mr. J Mackintosh, Mrs A M Mocus, Major C F Mackenzie, Major S G C Murray, Mr R Nicoll, Mr E Walsh Packenham, Mr S L Patel, Mr A N Raghavachar, Lt R F Raikes, Mr M G Ramsden, Major E W C Ricketts, Mr W Smith, Mr E J and Mrs. Sturrock, Capt D G S Smith Major G H Stanbridge, Mr A and Mrs. Smith, Sister M G Tippets, Mr R L Telfer, Mr C S Taylor, Mr W A G and Mrs Thorpe, Mr H E Williams, Lt A E Watchorn.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

Miss Dawn Assheton, the operatic soprano, and Mr. Laszlo Schwartz, the Hungarian violinist-composer, are now giving a series of concerts at the Excelsior Theatre. These two talented musicians are on a world tour, having met with great success in Australia and the Far East. The Hungarian artiste features Hungarian and Slavonic music in a unique programme which is of considerable educational value as well as a thoroughly enjoyable entertainment. He attains a remarkable degree of skill in the sympathetic rendering of his national airs and folk songs. In the course of his entertainment, he gives examples of the music of the whole world, and in his train he has left a series of glowing press comments. Miss Assheton, known as the 'English Galli-Curci,' has a singularly sweet voice, and interprets the Hungarian's songs with great success. She also presents some of the Negro Spirituals which have won favour everywhere. Miss Aide Elliott, an accomplished Australian pianist, accompanies.

The performances are timed as follows:—Monday June 22nd at 6-30; Tuesday, June 23rd at 9-30; Wednesday June 24th, at 6-30; Thursday June 25th at 6-30 and 9-30.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

PATHE.

Many attempts have been made, both in play and story, to depict the mingled romance, peril and excitement of modern railway life. None have been so successful, however, as the superb Pathe photo-drama, "The Midnight Express," which has been secured for patrons of the Royal Opera House.

"The Midnight Express" provides a wonderful picture of the complexity and activity of a great railway and of the untiring swarms of skilled men upon whom its successful working depends.

The story deals with the regeneration of the son of the railway president—a rich idler who is turned from home on account of his vicious mode of living. Determined to vindicate his character, the young man obtains employment under an assumed name as a mechanic in one of the engine shops of his father's railway. A severe test is placed upon his resolution by the hardships of his self-chosen work, but he derives inspiration from the friendship, and later from the love, of a beautiful girl, who is the daughter of the driver of the famous Midnight Express, the train which is the pride and glory of the Company.

Circumstances take him to a lonely signal box in the centre of a terrific gradient up which the Express passes nightly. Here his manhood is again severely tested by an attack from an escaped convict, for whose arrest he had previously been responsible. A terrific fight takes place between the two men at the same moment when a number of goods trucks break loose within sight of the top of the gradient and run rapidly down the valley, gathering speed every minute, towards the oncoming Express.

Fine acting, by an excellent cast, a thrilling dramatic story extremely well directed make "The Midnight Express," the Pathe Picture which opened at the Royal Opera House on Saturday, a picture that all will be enthusiastic over for many a day to come.

It is a well balanced story from the beginning to end. The reviewer forgot entirely that he was looking at a motion picture and was ready to cheer when the villainous escaped convict was finally overcome in a terribly dramatic fight which occurs in the action. Then when the freight train was derailed just in time to save the express—well after the picture was over the reviewer found that he had been holding fast to the edge of the seat and had to relax before he left the theatre.

Elaine Hammerstein is the featured lead, and justly so. She has a very handsome hero to make most gentle love to her in the person of William Haines. The rest of the cast was well selected to support this pair of stars.

EXCELSIOR.

A mystery photodrama abounding in moving incidents is at the Excelsior Cinema this week. "Footfalls" a William Fox production, is a powerful drama of love, rivalry, bitter hatred and revenge. The blind cobbler' whose son is ruthlessly murdered by a rival lover waits long for his vengeance. Then one day, three years after the tragedy he hears footfalls which with his acute perception he recognises as those of the murderer of his loved one. Then he wreaks a terrible vengeance. The play has been acclaimed by New York critics as the first one in which the impression of sound has been conveyed convincingly from the screen.

EMPRESS.

"The Thief of Bagdad" enters upon its seventh week at the Express Cinema, the best possible comment on the excellence of this Douglas Fairbanks super-spectacle which has conquered Bombay as no other film has ever done.

EMPIRE.

"The Rosary" with its eternal appeal has been filmed and acted before, but here is a new version with as poignant and dramatic an appeal as the previous ones. This picture which commences at the Empire Cinema to-night and is showing all next week, tells of three great loves, two successfuly and the third foreevr unrequited. It is a production of supreme human interest, full of action, dramatic thrills and the smiles of true comedy. Love and sacrifice are the keynotes and for those who prefer sensation, dynamiting and fights with pirates take place. The cast is a strong one, including Jane Nevak, Wallace Berry and Lewis Stone and it is a First National production.

WEST-END.

The West-End Cinema Management are screening this week a roaring Comedy Drama entitled "Circusmania" and is in six acts of hilarity. That "Max Means Merriment for the Million" is amply proved in this joyous contribution to the screen.

Max's art has never had such scope and the whole film which possesses not a dull moment is full of those subtle and original touches of his humour which mean success.

WELLINGTON.

Entertainment of a double fold is afforded in Virginia Valli's latest starring vehicle, "Up the Ladder," the Universal-Jewel feature at the Wellington Cinema (Dhobi Talao) to-night and this week.

Not only is the picture a tremendous melodrama of the truest water, but it affords for the first time the use, pictorially, of the Televisionphone, a yet unperfected invention which allows one to actually see the person to whom one is speaking over the telephone.

LATE PROF. DHURANDHAR

GLOWING TRIBUTES.

Glowing and touching tributes were paid to the late Principal B. K. Dhurandhar, Advocate, at a public meeting held in the Arya Bhuvan on Sunday, Mr. M. R. Jayakar presiding. The meeting was convened under the joint auspics of Bombay Students Brotherhood, the Western India Vivekananda Society and the Dnyaneshwar Maharaj Society.

Mr. M. R. Jayakar said that they met there to perform a very unpleasant but all the same a duty which they had to perform. They had met under the auspices of different institutions with which the late Mr. B. K. Dhurandhar wasc onnected to convey their sense of great and deep loss at his premature death. He knew the late Mr. B. K. Dhurandhar on very intimate terms for a long time since he became a graduate and later on since he took part in the public life of the city. Mr. B. K. Dhurandhar served the community from which he came in many capacities and it was well-known that he was the literary scribe of the community.

Continuing Mr. Jayakar said that the late Mr. B. K. Dhurandhar was known in different capacities as a prominent member of the Students Brotherhood, the Vivekanand Society and the Dnyaneshwar Society. He has left a remnant of his knowledge of Marathi in the monumental life of Tukaram which had nearly been completed and which Mr. Jayakar hoped would see the light of the day at no distant date. The late Mr. Dhurandhar was an extremely modest retiring man abounding in learning. He had never seen a more holier man than their late departed friend. As a professor of the Law School, Mr. Dhurandhar also made a mark. A born teacher, with an extremely sympathetic nature and an inborn understanding with the Student's mind in spite of age he remained a student till the last and was one of them. There lay the secret of the late Mr. Dhurandhar's popularity amongst the students and his hold over them. "Death, concluded Mr. Jayakar, "has been very hard upon their great men. The other evening I had to speak on the passing away of our Deshbandhu Das in a place only a few paces further from this hall. To-day we are mourning the loss of an humbler in that late Mr. Dhurandhar was not so widely known but an equally great man.

Mr. Jayakar then requested Mr. B. J. Wadia, Bar-at-Law, to move the resolution expressing their profound sense of deep regret and sorrow at the premature death of Principal Dhurandhar and conveying their condolences to the members of the bereaved family.

LIFE WITH NOBLE IMPULSES.

Mr. B. J. Wadia in moving the resolution said that they had met under very tragic and distressing circumstances. Mr. Dhurandhar was a personal friend of many of those assembled but to him, he was a very valued and an esteemed colleague on the Law School. He was a very lucid exponent of Hindu law and a colleague willing to work, to oblige and to help. The speaker met the late Mr. Dhurandhar last at Mahableshwar where they both had signed the paper handing over the charge of the Principalship of the Law School but scarcely was the ink dry on the paper the last summons came to Mr. Dhurandhar. The news of his death came to the speaker as a painful shock and his thoughts first turned to the orphan daughter, brothers and sisters he had left behind. The speaker, had not the pleasure of knowing them personally and his thoughts naturally turned to the Law School and the great loss it had sustained.

Continuing Mr. Wadia said that they knew death only in its tragic circumstances and sad consequences. Sages and saints have told them to look upon life as something of a dream, a vapour or a show yet there was enough of consolation in life of high endeavour. Even one life with noble impulses could better the traditions of humanity and such was the life of late Mr. Dhurandhar. Simple almost to a degree, saintly in character and unobstrusive to a fault, let them cherish his memory in years to come. He was a good man, a good teacher and a good friend. Service, sacrifice and high endeavour were his watch words. Let that be his epitaph.

Prof. V. G. Rao on behalf of the Students' Brotherhood in seconding the resolution associated himself with what Mr. B. J. Wadia had spoken of the late Mr. Dhurandhar. Prof. Rao then narrated the valuable services rendered by Mr. B. K. Dhurandhar to the Brotherhood where he weekly expounded the teachings of Ruskin, Tagore and Trine. Proceeding Prof. Rao said that the plenitude of knowledge, his power of eloquence, profound wisdom of his intellect, disinterestedness of purpose, simplicity of manner, his bold outlook and above all the saintliness of his character would serve as a name and an example, a name which was their pride and an example which was their shield and strength. Nature would assign him a singular place. They could only bow before the decree of supreme wisdom. The late Mr. Dhurandhar would be missed much and missed long.

Mr. F. G. Ginwalla further supported the resolution. Mr. Dhurandhar led a very holy and saintly life and the only fitting tribute they could pay to his memory, said Mr. Ginwalla, was to lead the life he led.

A GOOD BLEND OF CULTURE OF EAST AND WEST.

Mr. Natrajan said it would be nothing short of a presumption on his part to speak upon the life of, late Mr. B. K. Dhurandhar, as he knew so little of him and had occasion to see him on a few occasions. But though their contact was for a short time the mental impression he had left was great. The late Mr. Dhurandhar was a fine blending of all that was good in the culture of the East and the West. Mr. Dhurandhar had made a deep study of the philosophy of the East and of the West and tried to apply the philosophy of the Vedanta to every day life.

Seth Mavji Govindji characterized Mr. Dhurandhar's life as a highly harmonious life. It was a life nobly and worthily lived.

Mr. P. L. Thakkar said that judged by the vulgar standards of the world Mr. Dhurandhar's life might not be great and successful but judged by the standards of sacrifice and service, of saintliness and humility, his life was eminently successful. Mr. Dhurandhar had done his duty by them and it was for them to do their duty towards him by emulating his noble example.

Swami Yatishwaranda said that Mr. Dhurandhar was a man of great learning combined with humility born of faith and devotion. He was an advocate not of Law but of the great saviour. He never chose the path of Glory and might not have a place in the galary of prominent men but he had earned a place in the hearts of them all by his deep piety and humility. Mr Dhurandhar was not dead. He had gone from the life of death to a life of immortality. The Swamiji rounded off his speech with a prayer that the soul of the deceased might find rest in pence.

The resolution was then carried all standing, after which Mr. Jayakar wound up the proceedings in a few select words.

CHEQUE FORGERY CASE.

ACCUSED COMMITTED TO SESSIONS.

The case in which Dinubhai Chandulal Mehta and Gajendra Bholanath Diwanji stood charged before Mr. D. N. D. Khandallawalla, Arting Third Presidency Magistrate on charges of theft of a cheque of Rs. 1,68,000 forgery, using as genuine a forged document and cheating the Bank of India, and abetment, was disposed of at the Esplanade Police Court on Thursday. Dinubhai Chandulal Mehta was committed to the Sessions, while the second accused is still at large in Germany.

Mr. H. B. Spencer conducted the prosecution assisted by Inspector Kavishwar of the C. I. D. Mr. S. G. Welinkar, Bar-at-Law appeared for Mr. S. Mehta the complainant while the accused was defended by Messrs. Kanuga and K. F. Nariman, pleader. Mr. Sloan watched on behalf of the Bank of India.

The facts of the prosecution case were that the complainant was the private secretary of H. H. the Maharao of Cutch while the accused No. 1 was related to the complainant. In May 1924, the complainant opened an account with the Bank of India through accused No. 1. The complainant was at the time in Bhuj while accused No. 1 was at Ahmedabad. A couple of days later accused No. 1 and complainant came down to Bombay as the complainant was accompanynig the Maharao to the continent. On the eve of the complainant's departure to Europe accused No. 1 handed him the pass and cheque book which he had received from the Bank. On his return from the Continent in December 1924, the complainant called for a statement of account, when he was surprised to find that an account of Rs. 1,68,000 was debited to his account against a cheque payable to self. On inquiries at the Bank he found the signature on the cheque forged and lodged a complaint with the police. The accused No. 1 was traced to Ahmedabad and Rs. 80,000 were recovered from him. The Magistrate on evidence committed the accused to Sessions.

ENQUIRY ON DEATH BY HOUSE COLLAPSE.

Rao Bahadur B. N. Athavle, Coroner, held an inquest on Friday touching the death of Nomanbhai Abedin (27) and Jivraj Bhana (28) who died as a result of injuries received by the collapse of a house at Duncan Road on Thursday afternoon.

Badruddin Abedin, the deceased Nomanbhai's brother said at about 1-30 p.m. he heard the noise of a great cracking and walked out. The roof of the house which was undergoing repairs had fallen on the second floor. The roof had been supported on props. Some pillars which had become rotten had been removed. There were about 25 temporary props and the deceased was supervising the repairs. One Tribhovan Hari was the mistry at work. The mistry used to come for an hour or two every day.

The deceased's engineers were Messrs. Merwanji Bana and Co. They had inspected the building and drawn up plans which were submitted to the municipality who approved of them. The work was being carried out in compliance with the plans. On the day of accident 10 men and 6 women were on the work.

Medical evidence showed that Nomanbhai had received injuries on chest, right leg and right hand. His liver was severely lacerated and abdomen was full of blood.

Jivraj Bhana's ribs had been fractured and spleen was ruptured

Further hearing was adjourned.

KILLED IN SELF-DEFENCE.

CORONER'S JURY JUSTIFIES WOMAN'S CONDUCT.

A Hindu rent collector, Rambharose Ramdin, (40), residing at Khumbarwada 3rd Lane, died on Thursday, at the J. J. Hospital, where he was admitted for the treatment of stab wounds received on May 24. An inquest was held on his body on Friday, by Rao Bahadur B. N. Athavle, the coroner of Bombay, when a woman, Ramabai, alleged to have inflicted the wounds, was present in court.

The jury returned a verdict of death from pneumonia and found on evidence that Rambharose had attempted to commit rape on the suspect, who in self-defence struck him with a knife, causing injury over his right eye. The jury added that her conduct was perfectly justifiable.

CAUSE OF N. W. RLY. STRIKE

REPLY TO GOVT'S COMMUNIQUE.

LAHORE, June 19.

In reply to the official communisue issued by the Government of India in regard to the strike Mr. M. A. Khan, General Secretary, N. W. Railway Union to-day has issued the following statement. The ostensible cause of the strike was, no doubt, the discharge of Nanak Chand, a Union delegate of the loco shops, Rawalpindi on the alleged false evidence with a view to crush the spirit of unionism in that shop. The real cause of the strike was the lock-out of 1,200 men of the same shop in whose sympathy the strike extended in the Rawalpindi Division. Further this cause was supplemented by the obdurate policy of the railway officials in not settling the matter till 10th April namely fourteen days after the lock-out. The Union's representations and requests for negotiations were refused and the representations signed by hundreds of workmen and mistries of Rawalpindi were ignored. The Government of India saying it has nothing more to add to the Agent's communique of 24th April means to suppress the real facts about the root cause of the strike by not explaining as to why the Agent did not attempt to settle the dispute while it was localized to Rawalpindi even though honest attempt to close the affairs been made by the strikers. Messrs. Hall, Miller and Khan by wires and by letters having failed to obtain redress for the locked-out men and men who had gone on strike in sympathy the question was placed before the Working Committee of the Union who also approached the Agent with a request to open negotiations for a settlement, but to the disgust of the members no reply was received. The Union had the right to declare a general strike in sympathy with 1,200 locked-out men and put in the ultimate demands for redress at the same time under para H, section 2, Trade Dispute Act since passed by the Assembly and waiting the assent of the Viceroy. The above were the causes of the strike and not faked issues indirectly brought about and sought through internal affairs of the Union. In sympathetic strikes originated or brought about by the employers ballot or no ballot is a matter of internal management of the Union according to exigencies of time. No such provision been laid in the Trade Dispute Act under reference, but it can be assured that between the dates of 1st or 6th April intimation were received in the Union office from different centres showing their willingness to go on sympathetic strike and for redress of grievances which had accumulated during last three and a half years when the recognised Union made representations, passed resolutions and attended officials in deputation, but all without avail. The strike leaders are prepared under the circumstances stated above to stand before any impartial tribunal as to the right class and legality of methods adopted in the strike if Agent is equally prepared to accept the same challenge. Attempts have always been made to wreck the spirit of unionism by the railway officials through official machination which often been exposed in the Press and the last resort now adopted by maintaining the indifferent and stubborn policy of not opening negotiations and coming before a Concilation Board demanded by the Press, public, strikers and their leaders. It is stated that the terms offered by the Agent are not harsh. Can there be anything more vindictive than the victimization of thousands of experienced railway employees to make room for unskilled, unfit and temporarily engaged men of no productive character whatscever at all? But efforts have been made in vain to scandalize Messrs. Hall, Miller and Khan for the strike while the authorities are entirely and solely responsible for the causes and effects of the same. The official Union party who brought criminal cases of loot against Messrs. Hall, Miller and Khan since dismissed by the Court of Law been kept in existence and maintained to break rising the spirit of unionism in India and crush the Trade Union movement once for ever. It is now time for the public and the press to respond and set right the vindictive, unfair and stubborn policy of the railway authorities by bringing the question of rightfulness and legality of the strike the attitude of the Union leaders in this connection and the accumulated grievances of the employees before an impartial Concilation board or to see with closed eyes the wreck of the Trade Union movement and the spirit of unionism and the victimizaton of thousands of railwaymen for which the authorities appear to be determined.—A. P.

MEN RESUMING WORK.

LAHORE, June 19.

In view of the failure of negotiations at Simla and seeing no chance of their alleged grievances being redressed by the railway administration the North-West Railway strikers in Lahore have, it is understood, decided to resume work unconditionally and according to this decision about 300 to 400 men of the carriage and loco shops went back to work yesterday and an equal number have gone back to-day. It is learnt that the majority of the workshopmen will resume work within a day or two. The actual figures of the men who have gone back are not yet available, but it is stated that between 14 to 15 per cent. have resumed work on the terms and conditions issued by the Agent in his latest instructions to the absentees.—A.P.

3,000 MEN RE-ENGAGED.

LAHORE, June 20.

A press communique issued to-day by the Agent N. W. Railway states that from 15th June over 3,000 applicants have been re-engaged.—A. P.

VAIKOM STRUGGLE

PARTIAL REMOVAL OF BAN

UNACCEPTABLE TO SATYAGRAHIS

COCHIN, June 19.

News has just been received from Vaikom that Government are prepared tacitly to permit the use by the depressed classes of the only three roads and not the eastern road where the priests reside, on the Satyagrahis' undertaking to discontinue their Satyagraha. The Ashram authorities having declined to discontinue Satyagraha on such terms the roads have not yet been thrown open. It is understood that Government has been addressed by the District authorities who have recommended complete removal of restrictions. Satyagrahis find unacceptable the solution which would perpetuate the ban at Vaikom and elsewhere.—A.P.

SERIOUS SCUFFLE WITH ROBBER.

RANGOON, June 18.

On the arrival of the Bassein train this morning a second class passenger named Maung Thein, Superintendent of Post Offices, Irrawaddy Division, aged thirty, was taken to hospital in consequence of injuries sustained in an encounter with a robber in the train at night. It is stated that Maung Thein was travelling alone in second class compartment from Henzada to Rangoon. Shortly after midnight when the train left Letpadan an unknown Burman entered the compartment, but before he could snatch anything Maung Thein got up and grappled with the robber. The latter drew out a dagger and stabbed Maung Thein who received about eight injuries mostly on the righthand side of the chest, but eventually he managed to push the Burman out of the train. The robber escaped practically naked, his turban and longyi dropping in the train in the course of the struggle. The condition of Maung Thein is serious.—A. P.

INDIA'S FOREIGN SEA BORNE TRADE.

CALCUTTA, June 19.

India's foreign sea-borne trade in May 1925 shows that the total imports of private merchandise amounted to Rs. 1,892 lakhs and the total exports including re-exports to Rs. 3,348 lakhs net. The imports of private treasure during the month were Rs. 425 lakhs and the total visible balance of trade in merchandise and treasure was Rs. 1,053 lakhs in favour of India. The balance of remittance of funds was minus Rs. 127 lakhs.—A. P.

PARDI SCHOOLS PRIZE DISTRIBUTION

Pardi, June 19.

All Schools Amalgamated Prize Distribution gathering and exhibition of embroidery and knitting work was held on Wednesday in the compound of the Pardi Taluka School Mr. K. S. Vakil Education Inspector, N. D., presided.

Mr. J. H. Pardiwala explained that they had assembled there for the advancement of education and that the Pardi Education Society was doing its best in that direction. Mr. Vashi, then said that in the whole Taluka 4,450 children were taking the advantage of primary education of those 1,050 were girls and every girl-school was supplied with a sewing machine by the public. Until 1924 girls had to go out for the vernacular final examination, but through the kindness of the Educational Department, Pardi has been made a centre.

The President of the Taluka Board requested the President of the meeting to open the Exhibition. Ladies and gentlemen were delighted to see the exhibits of the school-going girls. Out of there 20 were Mrs. Banker and the Deputy Educational Inspector and were awarded prizes.

Mr. Kothawdy, the Mamlatdar Sahib of the Taluka in the course of his speech said that there could be no salvation for India unless the depressed and backward classes were educated.—A.P.

RENT COLLECTOR'S DEATH.

WOMAN'S SELF-DEFENCE.

On the 24th of May last one Rambharose Ramdin residing at Kumbharwada was removed to the J. J. Hospital suffering from severe injuries and died on the 18th instant.

Popatlal Mody, Mehta of Mr. Rowji Pitamber, said the deceased was the rent collector of his master. On the 24th of May last at 9 p.m. he heard a cry that the rent collector was dead. He went down and saw him lying on the floor bleeding from the head. The suspect Ramabai was present and on asking her, she replied, she had struck the deceased with a knife.

Ramabai, the suspected woman, who was in court, then said, on the night in question the deceased placed his hand on her throat and made her down on her back. He then mounted on her and tried to remove her sari. She happened to touch a penknife and picked it up and struck him. He ran away and again came to strike, but fell down at the foot of the staircase.

Medical evidence showed that death was due to pneumonia following injuries.

The jury returned a verdict of death by pneumonia. The jury on evidence found that the deceased had on the night of the 24th May, 1925 attempted to commit rape on the suspect and the latter had in self-defence struck him with a knife causing injuries over his right eye. Her conduct was properly justifiable.

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The Bombay Chronicle

MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1925.

UNITY.

In Mahatma Gandhi's recent statement on the question of an All-Parties' Conference, Mr. Jinnah has found occasion to deliver a "reply" to the suggestions of unity. Several publicists, sore over the existence of parties in the country, have appealed to Mahatmaji to explore the avenues of unity, and the quest of unity is not only an ever-green hope but an easy escape from the fear that it is the lack of work that is the cause of disintegration. Some like Mr. V. J. Patel hold that it is the sheer absence of unity and the existence of the Yarn franchise that are at the bottom of the general lull in the country—the lull that has sterilised things like the N.-W. Railway strike, deadened the rent-act agitation, and silenced incipient protest against the object of wage reduction by the Mill-Owners' Association. We realise the temper of stagnation without ascribing all trouble to the Yarn franchise. Mahatma Gandhi is nevertheless implored to see that unity is established. His article in "Young India," to which Mr. Jinnah has replied was no so much an essay on unity as a confession that if people like Mr. Jinnah, Sir M. Shafi, Pandit Malaviya, Lala Lajpatrai, Mr. Sastri, Sir Surendranath and Dr. Sapru advised the calling of a Unity Conference, he would summon it. We had one last November and if the leaders of other parties want another it can be arranged; but only if they want it. "Personally I think," says Gandhiji, "we are not more ready to-day for coming together than we were at Delhi." The talk about unity is subline and felicitous, but those who attempt it or conscentiously lay down its issues upon paper, realise the difficulties. A fortnight ago, Mr. Jinnah gave us five points of unity, but there was the flaw of dissolving vagueness in the pentagonal proposition. Now he improves his position tactically by avoiding the elucidation of his points and putting it upon the Congress to give the terms of rapprochement. The course is characteristic if not procisely helpful, because it demands from others the task of making offers. As the leader of the Independent party founded by Sir Sivaswami Iyer in the Assembly and as an exponent of the golden mean in politics, he should do more than adhere to this shrewd and negative attitude. At the Delhi Conference, he kept his own cards up his sleeve, asked others to lay down their cards, and advised all to see if something could not be done to "deliver the goods". His view of the Commonwealth of India Bill is, we are told, that it is for the Government to produce their scheme. In regard to unity and the restoration of the Congress as a non-party forum, he asks the Congress to state its terms. Our criticism that the five points did not state how far he was willing to give in, has been circumvented by the demand that the Congress should stipulate conciliatory terms for the consideration of the secessionists. The tactical retreat relieves him from the duty of stating how much he is willing to concede, but we think that, after his admission that the Congress should be the organ of national work and that he has five points of adjustment, it is odd of him to lighten labour and invite the Congress to speak. He should first give a fuller explanation of his scheme, because he has definite ideas though they happened to be obscure in the first statement. He is rather too dogmatic when he says that it is for the Congress to state terms of conciliation when he with a freer hand and the perspective of an Independent should elaborate his points to enhance his helpfulness instead of disparaging his own capacity as a leader.

To suggest unity without stating the postulates of agreement is to ask a crowd to sing without mentioning the song; it is not helpful, indeed it may be a signal for piercing dissonance. Gandhiji is right in being sceptical after the Delhi example and the reticence of leaders like Mr. Jinnah. Sir Surendranath is more specific. He wants the extinction of the Swaraj party and its policy as a prelude to the re-establishment of the Moderate Congress wedded to the doctrine and method of *mamool* agitation, loyal, law-abiding, coaxingly didactic about dim theories of imperial beneficence. We know where he stands, just as he realises the sudden conveniences Fate has given his party in Bengal. Mr. Jinnah is positively obscure and therefore difficult to "place". He contends that "it is for Congressmen, both Swarajists and No-changers, to declare their mind on the question of unity". It means we have to wait till December, for the Congress unlike the Independent party is a large, All-India organisation whose membership is mostly outside the Assembly. We seriously invite Mr. Jinnah in the meanwhile not to shirk the duty of candid speech. He has a compact following in the Assembly and he knows their mind. If he declares it instead of putting it upon the Congress to speak first, he would be doing the easier task and facilitating the adjustment of the Congress. He says the Congress has no political programme. The indictment hangs upon the term "political", and we think it rather intolerant to say that the Congress has no political programme. Council-work is entrusted to the Swaraj party and the Congress has not dictated its precise policy. Constitutional purists will see some irregularity in a body speaking on behalf of the Congress while the Congress does not control it. Mr. Jinnah wants a modification of the pact and many Congressmen will readily concede that the policy of the Congressmen in the legislatures should be authoritatively prescribed by the Congress that lends its name. That aspect of the pact may be reconsidered, but will it suit Mr. Jinnah and his friends? If they expect the revision of the pact to result in the orientation of Congress policy towards the Independent position, it would be an improbable presumption. Mr. Jinnah says that the pact should be revised without giving us a particle of a hint as to its palpable form of revision. As his statement is incomplete we are sure he will speak again and we hope he will declare how the pact should, for conciliation, be revised.

Mr. Jinnah suggests that there should be a revision of the Congress franchise. Here the term "revision" does not require explanation because the Yarn franchise is meant. Every novelty has about it an element of weakness and we are not among those who were unaware of the weakness of the yarn franchise. The original weakness of the yarn franchise is nothing compared with the necessary hostility it brought in its trail. If the yarn franchise has to be changed it will be because of its wilful repudiation by parties who in the Congress pact subscribed to its faithful observance at Belgaum. In this regard, Moderates have an excuse for their derision of our staunchness. In Mr. Jinnah' interview it is clear that he is against the yarn franchise, and he may rest assured Mahatma Gandhi himself will not make light of the difficulty experienced by many Nationalists. Opposition to the yarn-franchise is, however, a mere banner of opposition with Mr. Jinnah; the opposition itself should be expressly stated in terms of demand. With the public weary of the results of constitutional agitation and the bureaucracy strong in its reaction, we are afraid that parties have a better prospect of unification than of unity. "The greatest need," Mr. Jinnah rightly observes, "is to revitalise national life by strenuous constructive efforts with a view to cultivate the sanction behind the national will that will render the national demands irresistible." Constructive efforts within the legislatures against the Birkenhead bureaucracy are hopelessly inadequate. Work outside the Councils should be stimulated through the organs of the Congress. Other bodies are moribund if the Congress organs are flagging. We would appeal to Mr. Jinnah to dismiss difficulties even in regard to the franchise and join the Congress; the least he can do is to subordinate his lawyer-instinct of putting it upon the other fellow to declare himself, and clearly state how he would like the Congress to alter. If it is the pre-Reform Congress with its pathetic faith in Moderate politics and constitutional agitation, let him say so without equivocation.

THE BLACK MAN'S BURDEN.

The report of the Parliamentary Commission sent out to East Africa by the Labour Government produces in one more than a faint feeling of nausea when one finds its authors serving up high-sounding and state phrases while concentrating chiefly on the economic development of the Colonies and deliberately or culpably ignoring the vital issue of land and labour policy as it affects the natives. The Commission devotes considerable attention to the problem of the development of the vast resources of the territories—here a Crown Colony, there a Protectorate or a mandated area—and emphasises the importance of transport facilities for the purpose. It pleads for a road policy in Tanganyika, railway extensions in Uganda, bridge building in Kenya: it suggests an East African Transport Loan, guaranteed through a bill by the Imperial Treasury and ranking as a trustee security. All this will surely open up and link the country and secure improved communications, but for what purpose? Such costly projects are not undertaken without a clear realisation of the objective. Frankly, the end in view in the present instance is increased production through a more efficient exploitation of native labour and native land by white capital and white settlers. The Commission, however, has scrupulously evaded the fundamental question of the purpose of the British rule in East Africa though it considers the financing of transport facilities as "a moral responsibility of the Mother Country." It has, of course, piously blessed the principle of native trusteeship as embodied in the notorious White Paper of 1923 which enunciated that doctrine as an apologetic afterthought to dodge the Indian claim for equality. "Native trusteeship," the Report pompously declares, "is no longer the special function of Imperial Government agents and the missionaries .....it is in very truth a white man's burden." But its authors do not enquire whether the economic system which obtains, for example, in Kenya is such as to permit the translation of this moral platitude into conduct or how far it has succeeded in that benevolent aim. With astuteness the Report wastes words on the necessity of having a sound native policy while it lavishes concessions and facilities on the white settlers; the sympathy of its authors for the natives is eloquent, their sympathy for the settlers is practical.

Consider, for instance, their treatment of the "plantation" system which is the root of the evil in Kenya. Native lands have been appropriated by the whites with the aid of the Government, its real owners having often been forcibly ejected. Lord Buckmaster said recently in the House of Lords that the natives had no legal security even for the 2,500 square miles of territory which the whites had left them out of 10,000. The white settlers require native labour for cultivating the land and they secure it by a variety of unscrupulous means such as expropriation of native peasantry from their "reserves," levy of poll or hut taxes until the natives have to come out and earn wages, conscription and registration of labour and stringent labour ordinances making it a penal offence for an African to "desert" his job. What has the Commission to say about all this? It gently but unmistakably stresses the importance of making the African labourer work for white employers and tries to reconcile the imposition with the right of the natives to work on their own "reserves"; in a word, it wants to harmonise the excellent theory of trusteeship with the sordid interests of plantation-owners. This is how it is done: "It is inconsistent with the economic progress of the whole country and with the advance in civilisation of the native that he should be allowed to stagnate in native reserves, leaving all the work to the women, the men doing nothing" remarks the Report. "He must be taught by every *legitimate means* open to the Government that as he is no longer required for fighting it is his duty to the community and to himself to work and that unless he does a reasonable amount of work on his own account, it is his duty to work either for the Government or private employers." Now, in the first place, even if the men did nothing, it is no business of a foreign administration to compel an African negro to be an industrial serf contrary to his own ideas of a happy life. But, in fact, as Mr. Norman Leys, whose classic work on "Kenya" is a challenge to British imperialism, has shown, it is a grotesque calumny to suggest that men are idle since they do subsidiary and useful work while the women do heavy work; the absence of men, indeed, on European plantations has been a cause of heavy infant mortality which the Report piously regrets.

The fact is that there is a vital conflict of interests between the white settler who wants cheap labour at 14sh a month and the native cultivator who earns as much as £4 10sh. a month on his own farm and the conflict is accentuated, as Mr. Linfield, the Liberal member of the Commission, observes, by the shortage of labour supply. In a tactful way, therefore, the Commission has suggested that the nomadic habits and tribal customs of the natives should be discarded. The Report glibly speaks about the "legitimate means" of doing so. The iniquity of the measures through which native labour has been recruited is only less odious than the hypocritical complacency with which the Imperial Government permits them. In a recent discussion in the House of Lords, Lord Olivier stated that the poll tax and hut tax—which constitute the "legitimate means" of labour recruitment—amounted to £1 17sh per head of able-bodied males which came up to one-third of a native's income; Dr. Leys has calculated that the average African in Kenya has to spend two months' wages each year in direct taxation alone. Another legitimate means is forced labour. Since the native population in Kenya is not sufficient for the plantations even after native agriculture is discouraged, the development programme outlined in the Report will require labour to be compulsorily recruited: hence the Report slurs over the question of compulsory labour for public works. Indeed, Mr. Ormsby Gore and Mr. Amery have admitted in the Commons that 1,620 Kenya natives had been "compulsorily recruited" and Lord Olivier observed that the Colonial Secretary had sanctioned the raising of 4,000 forced labourers. How this differs from slavery which the British boast of having abolished it is impossible to say. One thing however, is clear. The Commission in seeking to reconcile the complacent doctrine of trusteeship with the practice of exploitation has reduced benevolence to a principle which is nine parts humbug. Greedy land-grabbers cannot become guardian angels.

Notes of the Day.

The Farce Over.

The Civil Service has won all along the line at Whitehall, and it is decided that the Services should be re-whitened by stopping the process of Indianisation. So much for the "compromise" terms signed by the four Indians in the Lee Commission. The London correspondent of the "Statesman" cables that the Reading-Birkenhead conversations have crystallised into six points:—

Firstly, there can be no revision of the Reforms before 1929, and nothing that may happen in India will hasten the date fixed for the revisions.

Secondly, in accordance with the recommendation of the Majority Report of the Reforms Inquiry Committee, the machinery of the present Reforms Scheme will be improved with the object of providing the fullest scope for those genuinely desirous of proving India's capacity for a further measure of self-government, while safeguarding it from the wrecking tactics pursued in Bengal and the Central Provinces.

Thirdly, the Government will welcome and give sympathetic consideration to any schemes of Swaraj which leaders of the various parties in India may evolve before Parliament decides upon the future of the Reforms, in 1929.

Fourthly, the Viceroy and the Executive are assured of full support in any measures considered necessary at any time in pursuit of the determination to root out the revolutionary movement in Bengal and elsewhere.

Fifthly, the British element in the Civil Services will not be further weakened. Improved conditions of the service recommended by the Commission will be granted practically in full at the earliest possible dates.

Sixthly, it is recognized that the Indianization process has reached a stage beyond which it cannot safely go for some time to come, and lastly, an economic commission will be appointed to consider how best the resources of India may be developed.

It is a programme of rank re-action, involving even the repudiation of the "concessions" made to India by the Lee Commission. Mr. Jinnah who was sanguine about the rapid Indianisation of the Army will no doubt notice that there is no mention of the proposition. The Muddiman minority has justified the refusal of Pandit Motilal to join the farce. May we add that at present there are only 31 Indian officers holding the King's Commission as against 3,300 British officers?

Mussolini Acts.

Mussolini is evidently suffering from the effects of lack of employment for his Napoleonic talents. This seems to us to be the only explanation of his astounding ultimatum to Afghanistan and the still more astounding action with which he has followed it up. He has seized the deposits in the Bank of Afghanistan in Rome and a cargo of arms consigned to Afghanistan. This "brave" steps has been taken evidently as a substitute for some heroic measure reminiscent of the bombardment of Corfu. The great Mussolini is angry because Afghanistan chose to treat his bluff with the contempt that it deserved. He and those of his countrymen who blindly support him in all his measures, wise and otherwise—witness the latest instance of the subservience of the Italian Chamber in passing a bill dismissing all non-Fascist public servants—do not enhance, but lower, the prestige of their country by investing the case of an ordinarily criminal, whose crime of murdering an Afghan soldier is admitted, with the importance of a *causus belli*. They are merely making themselves ridiculous in the eyes of right-thinking men all the world over. Let them regain a sense of proportion and, if the Afghan Government has erred, ask firmly but courteously for an explanation of their action through the usual diplomatic channels instead of hurling insults at an independent country and indulging in antics which do not redound to the credit of a self-respecting nation. A people which has a genuine regard for its own prestige will not wantonly humiliate another as Mussolini has sought to humiliate Afghanistan..

France and the Riffs.

Reuter's has been supplying us daily with news items about the developments in Franco-Riff struggle. It is difficult, however, to decide what is actually happening in Morocco. For Reuter's messages sent out to India are based either on the statements issued by the French authorities to the Press portraying the situation in a favourable light to the French public or on the news which the obliging correspondent in Tangier of the London "Times" supplies to the British public. However that may be, there is little doubt but that history is being made by Abdul Kerim in resisting the French attempt to annihilate the only independent non-European State in North Africa. The latest cables show that the Riff campaign is having its inevitable reactions on French political situation and, through it, on the political situation in Europe. The Socialists are becoming critical of the French Government's Morocco policy though, for the moment, M. Briand has secured a postponement *sine die* of the Communist interpellation about Morocco and has embarked on a repressive campaign against the Communists for daring to call a spade a spade. But truth cannot long be suppressed. Though Abdul Kerim has no means of acquainting the world with the truth about the present French campaign, independent testimony is accumulating to bring home to the world that it is an unrighteous colonial war that France is waging in Morocco because her chauvinist politicians see in the existence of an independent Moorish ruler in North Africa a menace to their imperialistic designs. The French Communists have asserted that the advance of Abdul Kerim was caused by the establishment of military posts to the north of the Ouergha, that the Riffs were blockaded and cut off from fertile valleys necessary for their *ravitaillement*, and that the uncertain frontier has been crossed. The openly side with Abdul Kerim and, while warning the French people against the repercussion of the war on the Muslim world, call on th former to declare themselves against the despatch of troops to Morocco.

Cant:

That France has been the aggressor in the present struggle can hardly be doubted. Mr. Gordon Canning writing in "Foreign Affairs" refers to the report in the Press that the Riff leader had protested against the accusation of being the attacker, and says that, both from what he gathered from his recent visit and from a commonsense point of view, he finds that it is impossible to believe for one instant that Abdul Kerim can be the aggressor. "It is a well-known fact," he adds, "that on several occasions he has invited the French authorities to make peaceful settlement of the debatable boundary. But such a solution would not agree with French policy!" Is it possible, he asks, to rely upon the platitudes of official statements when the entire policy of France in North Africa from 1838 is understood? "The excuses which the French authorities made in 1907 and 1911 for the occupation of the Chaouia and Fez had little foundation, and the same sort of propaganda is now being carried on to prepare for an advance to gain tactical points which will hold the Riffi at their mercy." This, then, is truth for daring to utter which the Communists in France are now being ruthlessly punished. M. Briand may, with unctuous indignation, protest that "it was an insult to suppose that if, an honourable opportunity for peace offered itself Government would not listen to it and would allow further bloodshed in Morocco?" This is not the first time that a European politician has indulged in this cant about a war waged solely in the interest of peace. If the French are so disinterested as their Foreign Minister suggests, why do they not get the dispute between them and Abdul Kerim settled, as demanded by the latter, by arbitration through the League of Nations?

Police Scandals.

By a departmental order three police officers have been dismissed for complicity in the city police scandals, but are the Government sure that the decision should not be followed by the prosecution of a few miscreants? We hear that the evidence elicited would justify action for the sake of full exposure. It is to the credit of the Police Commissioner that unlike some of his predecessors he has not tried to follow a policy of hush-hush in the interests of prestige and to the betrayal of justice, but if facts are as they are reported, the action taken is inadequate. The City Police will benefit by the publication of a few facts through judicial proceedings. We hope the authorities will not be cowed down by threats. Already it is current rumour that a mighty police officer has signified his discontent and hinted at resignation. Officials who cannot co-operate in the purification of the police will confer a benefit on the country by leaving it.

POSITION IN MOROCCO

IS ABDUL KARIM MAKING PEACE OVERTURES?

INTERPELLATION IN FRENCH CHAMBER.

PARIS, June 19.

The Socialists having agreed to interpellate Government on the position in Morocco next week, the Communists are seeking to force the issue between the Socialists and Government. It will be noticed that a proposal to interpellate to-day quoted a London telegram saying that Abdel Krim has made peace overtures to France and Spain through Britain and Italy.

M. Briand demanding postponement of interpellation *sine die* declared that it was an insult to suppose that if an honourable opportunity for peace offered itself Government would not listen to it and would allow further bloodshed in Morocco.

Vote was taken amidst the Communist cries of "murderers" "liars," and "down with war."—Reuter.

PARIS, June 19.

At Government's request, the Chamber, by 525 votes to 32, postponed, *sine die*, the communist demand to interpellate Government on the situation in Morocco. The Socialists voted for Government.—Reuter.

RIFF CONCENTRATION.

SITUATION SERIOUS.

TANGIER, June 20.

The situation in the western-Spanish zone is getting serious. Riff contingents are concentrating in various points along Ceuta in the Tetuan-Laraiche line.—Reuter.

TACKLING "MILITANT COMMUNISTS."

PARIS, June 19.

After the meeting of the Cabinet, the Minister stated that Government had discussed Communist propaganda and had decided on its policy towards the militant section of the Communist party which was daily corresponding with Abdel Krim, encouraging him to resist and assuring him that the majority in France was opposed to the continuance of military operations.—Reuter.

120 COMMUNISTS ARRESTED.

PARIS, June 20.

The "Matin" announces that 120 arrests have been made in Paris and the provinces in pursuance of the measures for the suppression of Communist propaganda with regard to Morocco. M. Painleve will shortly raise a question in the Chamber of raising Parliamentary immunity in respect of two Communist leaders who are Deputies to enable prosecution.—Reuter.

TOWARDS RECONCILIATION.

MAULANA MAHOMED ALI ON KURBANI.

Mr. B. F. Bharucha wires from Delhi under Friday's date:—The Deshbandhu's death was deeply deplored at a meeting held last night, Maulana Mohomed Ali presiding.

Regarding Idd, Maulana Mohomed Ali, Pearilal, Vakils Abdur Rahman, Abdulaziz, Kedarnath Sriram Gupta are doing their best for a happy understanding between Hindus and Musalmans. Mahamatji's message and Deshbandhu's tragic death and leaders' strenuous efforts all tend towards reconciliation. At Juma Masjid, to-day, Maulana Mohomed Ali made a stirring speech emphasising that Kurbani for God is proper, but Kurbani made in anger, against Hindus is *haram*. He exhorted Muslims to prefer goat sacrifice and give no cause for provocation to their Hindu brethren. The effect was splendid.

A COMPROMISE AT DELHI?

DELHI, June 20.

The local Hindu Sabha has passed a resolution requesting the Mussalmans not to use Pahari Dhiraj route for leading cows for slaughter during the approaching Bakrid. It is understood that Mussalman leaders have expressed their readiness to oblige the Hindus in view of the existing strained relations and accordingly a compromise is being effected.—A.P.

WOMEN'S TEMPERANCE CONVENTION

LONDON, June 20.

At Edinburgh over a thousand Delegates, representing 60 countries, attended the opening of the World Woman's Christian Temperance Convention. The Conference opened with a devotional session at which delegates from South Africa, Australia, Denmark, Canada, India and China delivered short addresses.—Reuter's Special

CABLE ITEMS.

At Hurlingham the first of the three matches between the British and American armies for the International Army Polo Championship was played this afternoon in the presence of Their Majesties King and Queen, the Duke and Duchess of York and Prince Henry, when the American army beat the British army by eight goals to four.—Reuter's Special.

At Versailles in the French Ladies Open Golf Championship final, Miss Glenna Collett (America) beat Mademoiselle Thion de la Chaume by three and one.—Reuter's Special.

"POWERS RESPONSIBLE."

CHINA FIRM.

ORIGINAL ATTITUDE MAINTAINED.

LONDON, June 21.

Peking.—Replying to the last note of the Powers China maintains her original attitude and repeats that nearly all trouble is due to the conflagration in Shanghai for which the Powers are responsible and adds that the death of Mr. Mackenzie on the 16th instant occurred outside the settlement where the municipality had built roads without the consent of China.—Reuter.

SITUATION QUIET.

LONDON, June 20.

Cables from China indicate that the situation in most towns is quiet although anti-foreign propaganda and strikes at many centres continue. Strike agitators from Shanghai and elsewhere who boarded steamers were coldly received. Indo-China Navigation Co.'s steamers are carrying on as usual.—Reuter.

VOLUNTEERS' MOBILISATION LIKELY.

HONGKONG, June 19.

Volunteers have been warned of the possibility of an early mobilisation in view of an emergency.—Reuter.

MOVE TO ORGANISE INTERNATIONAL SETTLEMENT.

PEKING, June 19.

A commission, composed of diplomatic representatives of the interested Powers, met this morning and issued a communique stating that if the Chinese Government so desired they would request the authorisation of their respective Governments to discuss, in friendliest spirit, the propositions presented by their Delegations in Shanghai with regard to the organisation of an international settlement and administration of justice therein.—Reuter.

NOVEL METHOD TO SWELL STRIKE FUNDS.

SHANGHAI, June 19.

It is authoritatively learned that the Ministry of Communications has issued an order to the telegraph, postal and railway services that each employee will have one day's pay deducted each month as his contribution to the strike funds.—Reuter.

SHANGHAI, June 19.

After two meetings the Chinese Chamber of Commerce has decided to reopen banks and shops on Sunday.

FOREIGNERS' LIVES ENDANGERED?

SHANGHAI, June 19.

There is considerable unrest at Ankiang where the lives of British, Americans and Japanese are endangered. It is reported from Hankow that the Chinese authorities allowed the strikers at Chung King to get out of hand and many foreigners took refuge in gunboats.—Reuter.

STEPS TO MAINTAIN ORDER.

SHANGHAI, June 19.

Changhusiang, the son of Changtsolin, has ordered an infantry brigade to move to Chapei from Shantung. It will be employed in maintaining order in the disturbed areas adjoining the Settlement.—Reuter.

DETAILS OF CHUNG KING INCIDENT

SHANGHAI, June 20.

Fuller details, is now to hand describe the exciting events at Chung King on 17th June. Student agitators inflamed a mob which attacked the foreign Customs employees and assaulted British subjects in streets, though no one was seriously injured. Meanwhile, there was an ugly demonstration of rioters at the British Consulate. The Consul receiving no response to his request to the city Commandant to restore order evacuated the Consulate which was damaged and took refuge in a gun-boat after sending a message to British residents to do likewise. Accordingly, on 18th June, they assembled on the riverside, where they remain protected by gun-boats. Order has been restored, but streets are still unsafe for foreigners.—Reuter.

TEAPOT DOME OIL AFFAIRS.

CHEYENNE, (Wyoming), June 20.

The Cheyenne Court has given its verdict in favour of Sinclair's claim for the Teapot Dome oil lease, granted to him by Fall. The verdict created a general surprise, and Sinclair shares were wildly active towards the close of the share market.—Reuter

BIG HAUL OF COCAINE.

CALCUTTA, June 20.

The officers of the Running Staff of the Customs Department seized yesterday 523 ounces of cocaine valued at about Rs. 40,000 on board the steamer "Tairea" lying at Garden Beach which has just arrived from far east. The contraband was found packed in small tin-boxes which were concealed in one of the hatches of the steamer. No arrest has been made so far.—A. P.

ONE MAN AFTER TILAK.

DAS'S DEATH, A SUPREME LOSS.

AUROBINDO GHOSE'S TRIBUTE.

MRS. DAS'S THANKS.

PONDICHERRY, June 20.

In response to our telegram we have received the following message from Sjt. Aurobindo Ghose, who, it will be recalled, was defended by the late Deshbandhu Das in the Alipore Conspiracy case and was acquitted: —

Chitta Ranjan's death is a supreme loss. Consumately endowed with political intelligence, constructive imagination, magnetism, driving force combining strong will and an uncommon plasticity of mind for vision and tact of the hour, he was the one man after Tilak who could have led India to Swaraj.

AUROBINDO GHOSE.

HOW HE LOVED THE POOR.

NUMEROUS MESSAGES OF SYMPATHY

CALCUTTA, June, 19.

The following statement has been issued by Mrs. C. R. Das:—

"The wonderful manifestation of grief over the passing away of my beloved husband and the sympthy shown to me and my family have lightened our own grief and made living bearable. I have received messages from peoples of many lands, from rich and poor. I have had them even from South Africa, France and England. They are still pouring in. I had a glimpse of the mighty procession carrying the bier containing the remains of my husband. It is impossible for me to thank all the senders of messages and others sympathisers individually. I therefore, take this opportunity of thanking through the press His Excellency the Viceroy, His Excellency the Governor and all those friends who have shown their sympathy and attention by sending messages, representatives or personally calling. I thank those poor countrymen of mine who have in numberless ways shared my sorrow. I know that my husband loved them as his own. We, his family, are to-day reaping the rich fruits of his services in this great popular manifestation. I thank also the railway authorities for the special facilities they kindly provided for the carriage of the sacred remains. It has grieved me deeply to find that there were two or three serious accident whilst the vast procession was moving to the burning ghat. I tender my sympathy to the injured and I shall regard it as a favour if those whose dear ones have been hurt will send me their addresses.

BASANTI DEVI.

DESHBANDHU'S LAST HOURS.

WAS ALL RIGHT ON SUNDAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, June 20.

Since his arrival at Darjeeling Deshabandhu was suffering from fever every Sunday and he had remission next day. He never cared for his health more specially because he believed that he would live at least upto 63 years of age. He could never think that he would die eight years earlier. On Sunday morning he went to the residence of the Maharaja of Dighapatia. Uptill evening on that day he had no fever. His wife gladly remarked, "You always think that you will have fever. You will have fever no more." At the request of his wife Mr. Das took his evening meal as usual. He did not then feel unwell. After dinner he finished some important work and at about nine he read to his wife and daughters some essays. He had an extraordinary love of literature. The author of Malancha and Sagarsangit was engaged in literary work even two days before his death. At eleven o'clock Mr. Das was attacked with fever. He shivered at times. Thus the whole night passed. In the morning the fever went upto 103 deg. even then no one thought that the Deshabandhu was causing anxiety. Hence no one was informed. At 11 in the morning the Deshabandhu began to feel pains in his body and his breath was being choked up. In the afternoon Dr. D N. Roy was sent for. He found the patient had passed all hopes. Mrs. Das even then could not realise the position. So she sent no news about her husband's seriousness to Calcutta. On Tuesday morning Mr. Das's both the legs were found swollen. Messages were then sent to Calcutta. In the meantime the Deshabandhu lost his consciousness. By the evening the ill-fated hour struck. The news spread like wild fire throughout Darjeeling. News reached in Calcutta at 3-0 p.m. that Mr. Das seriously ill. The people refused to believe the news of his death. Until it was confirmed late in the night. The Governor and the Executive Councillors rendered all possible help. Maharaja Khannish Chandra Roy personally looked after conveying the body to Calcutta. The railway authorities made excellent arrangements. The body was injected previously so that it may not be decomposed and was placed in a railway brakevan specially attached. Mrs. Das standing all along by the corpse. The Deshabandhu could not see his only son at the time of his death who could see his dead body only at Siliguri.

SRADH CEREMONY PERFORMED.

MAHATMA DECIDES TO REMAIN LONG IN BENGAL.

CALCUTTA, June 20.

Mahatma Gandhi has decided to remain indefinitely in Bengal. The Mahatma regards it a privilege to be by the side of Mrs. Das at this juncture.

Srimati Apurna Devi, daughter of Mr. C R Das performed Sradh ceremony of her father yesterday morning according to the orthodox Hindu rites. Utensils were presented to Brahmins who took part in the Sradh and alms were distributed to a large number of beggars. A large number of distinguished men attended the function including Mr. Gandhi.—A. P.

CONGRESS WORKING COMMITTEE.

POSTPONED OWING TO DESHBANDHU' DEATH.

ALLAHABAD, June 20.

As desired by the President, the meeting of the Working Committee of the Congress which was fixed for the 3rd July 1925 has been postponed till further instructions are received from the President owing to the death of Mr. C. R. Das. —A. P.

BOMBAY'S PUBLIC MEETING.

REQUISITION TO SHERIFF.

Mr. V. J. Patel has sent the following requisition to the Sheriff of Bombay, with a covering letter requesting him to fix the 1st of July 5 p.m., as the day and hour for the proposed meeting, as suggested by the President of the Indian National Congress, Mahatma Gandhi, for similar memorial meetings throughout India:—

Bombay, June 18.

To the Sheriff of Bombay

Sir,—We the undersigned citizens of Bombay hereby request you to convene a meeting of the citizens of Bombay for the purpose of recording their sense of loss and sorrow owing to the death of Deshbandhu C. R. Das and for sending a letter of condolence to his family.

We have etc.,

(Sd.) Joseph Baptista, V J Patel, Fazal Ibrahim Rahimtullah, M R Jeyakar, M M H J M Chotani, Ramchandra M Bhat, Vithaldas D Govindji, A H S Khatri, Damodardas Haridas, B R Lotevala, B N Meisheri, B N Motivalla, Dr M F Bisni, F G Sahasrabudhe, R S Gole, Rajaram K Vaidya, Sunderrao D Navalkar, H I H O Poonavalla, Naoroji M Dummasia, Dr D D Sathaye, Huseinali M Rahimtullah, R K Pirbhai, Gulabchand Devchand, Jamnadas M Mehta, B M Gamadia, Jivraj G Nensey, Mohanlal M Desai, Kanji Karamsi Master, K F Nariman, J B Boman Beheram, Dr D A G'Monte, Gulam Husein Ahmad Somjee, Mohamadali Allabux, Velji Lukhamsi, Behramji Jijibhoy, Karmali Ibrahim M Nissim, S A Brelvi, Umar Sobani, V A Desai, P J Murzban, M A Dabholkar, R S Asavle Ishwardas Luxmidas, H F Manar, R S Nikalji, Dr A G Viegas, Sir Karimbhai Ibrahim Baronet, Mirzaali Mohmad Khan,

(Continued on next page.

EMIR ALI'S INSANITY

BOMBARDMENT OF RABIGH TO CONTINUE.

GOODS WILL NOT BE ALLOWED TO LAND

SIMLA, June, 20.

A press communique says:—

The followisg telegram has been received by the Government of India from His Majesty's Consul at Jeddah:—"Hearing that pilgrim steamers are on the way to Rabegh the Foreign Minister has sent me a letter to the following effect:—(1) Bombardment of Rabegh will continue, (2) pilgrims will not be harmed, but if they go ashore and mingle with the enemy the the Hedjaz forces are not responsible; (3) landing of goods will prevented by all possible means;; (4) every boat or dhow appearing in the harbour will be captured or sunk."—A.P.

PILGRIMS LAND AT RABEGH.

ALL ARRANGEMENTS SATISFACTORY

Maulana Shaukat Ali writes under date 20th June:—

I have just received the following wireless from the S.S. "Jehangir" Port Sudan, Radio, dated 20th, 4-40 a.m.:—"Pilgrims landed. Complete arrangements for land journey. Assure Muslims our good wishes.—(Sd.) Alfazal Almari."

Last evening Mr. Ibrahim Alfazal, Bombay, informed me that a cable had come from Abdullah Alfazal informing for last two weeks he had been in the Hedjaz. All arrangements for comforts of pilgrims are complete. A sufficient number of boats landed the pilgrims and their baggages comfortably. A very large number of camels about 8,000 were ready. Plenty of water, food stuffs for all. Thank God land journey absolutely safe. Assure our Muslim brothers not to be anxious.

There will be a sigh of relief when the above news reaches the Muslims in India. God willing no non-Muslim Power will be allowed to control Holy Arabia. Muslim of India and of the whole world are thoroughly awake and would do utmost for keeping the independence and sanctity of the Jazirat-ul-Arab.

I beg all Mussalmans to work and watch and not lose heart and spread broadcast dispairing messages.

HUSSEIN TO STAY AT CYPRUS?

LONDON, June 19.

It is learned that ex-King Hussein has proceeded to Cyprus where the British Government has provided him with residence.—Reuter.

POONA BABY WEEK.

POONA, June 19.

The Baby Week concluded this evening with very successful Baby Show at the Excelsior Cinema, Kirkee, which drew a large number of entries. There were prizes for the mothers of prize winners as well as for the babies. Lady Wilson who presided and later distributed prizes in a short speech complimented the Committee on the success of their efforts. The chappion prizes for the best babies in the show, two handsome silver jugs, presented in the names of His Excellency Sir Leslie Wilson and Lady Wilson by Khan Saheb S Jan Mahomed, Army Contractor and to the mothers by Mr. T. Harkisondas were won respectively by Ethel Green a baby of 11 months and Mrs. Godbole's baby.—A. P.

INDIAN NEWS AND BRIEF.

Lahore, June 20.—Communication from the Resident in Kashmir states:—Body of Mr. Langdon of New York, whose disappearance was recently reported has been recovered in river near Tolti some fifty miles from Skardu 19 days after he was last seen. There is little doubt, that he fell into river near Dras which is much swollen at this time of the year and was accidentally drowned.—A.P.

Calcutta, June 20.—A charity International between England and Scotland was played this evening on the Calcutta ground and resulted in a win for Scotland by 2 goals to 1.—A.P.

Simla, June 20.—Telephonic message from Nainital reports the death after an operation for appendicitis of Mr. V. K. Nair, journalist, who was connected with the Associated Press of India for over twelve years. Mr. Nair held many responsible offices in the Agency and shortly before he went to Nainital was the Editor-in-Charge of the Calcutta branch. He had acted as Agent both at Lucknow and Rangoon where he rendered meritorious service in news organisations.—A.P.

Secunderabad June 20:—The mansoon has broken out here heralded by thunder and lightening.

Lucknow, June 18.—A mild sensation was caused here yesterday when one of the tigers in the local zoo managed to escape from its cage and walked into the adjacent garden. The tiger freely aired himself in the park for half an hour and actually walked across boundary to have a larger view of the town. Its keeper, however, was close at hand with the rope which he cleverly threw round it and dragged it peremptorily inside the prison walls.—A P.

UNANIMOUS DECISIONS

RESULT OF LORD READING'S MISSION.

COMPLETE UNDERSTANDING WITH SECRETARY OF STATE

LONDON, June 21.

The vagueness of terms used by those few newspapers which refer to the Birkenhead-Reading consultations illustrates the effectiveness of measures taken to prevent their premature publication. All commentators however agree that a complete unanimity has been reached.

The "Sunday Times" says that Lord Birkenhead's final memorandum was a practical resume of the difficulties to be met and contained suggestions for meeting them forthwith. The paper adds that points which hitherto remained undecided have thus been clinched and that a policy of business-like clarity has emerged which does not involve a departure from the former commitments and plans but a rigid order is to be maintained and self-government will only be granted to those who prove they can govern. Lord Reading returned from India worn out and anxious to retire. Possibly his complete understanding with the Secretary of State and latter's re-inforcement of the policy of good government in India may encourage the Viceroy to consider a short renewal of his term of office.—Reuter.

POLICY OF FIRMNESS DECIDED UPON.

The "Statesman's" London correspondent cables:—

It is understood that complete agreement has been reached at the close of the series of conferences that have been in progress between Lord Birkenhead and Lord Reading.

All the many weighty questions concerned with the Government of India have been explored. According to the political correspondents of several newspapers, difficulty was for some time experienced by the two eminent statesmen in agreeing upon the policy that should be pursued in coming years.

It is known that Lord Birkenhead since accepting office has mastered all the intricate details of Indian affairs, and is greatly impressed by the importance to the whole Empire of a firm, stable policy in India.

SYMPATHETIC POLICY.

I am informed that at the final meeting Lord Birkenhead read a memorandum on the situation, specially prepared by himself; and this document met with Lord Reading's full approval.

A firm but none the less sympathetic tactful policy is understood to be outlined in the memorandum, which will now be submitted to the Cabinet and will form the basis of an important statement, of probably two hours' duration, to be made by Lord Birkenhead in the House of Lords in the near future.

GURDWARA BILL.

SELECT COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

SIMLA, June 20.

The report of the Select Committee on the Gurudwara Bill was present to the Punjab Legislative Council to-day. While the main principles of the bill remain unchanged the Committee has introduced some important changes. The most outstanding of these are the extension of the franchise to Sikh women and the placing under the direct management of the Central Board of the control of Akal Takht and Takht Kashgarh. The schedule containg the list of Gurudwaras has been amended. Eighteen Gurudwaras have been omitted from the original list and twenty-eight new Gurdwaras have been added bringing the list up to 242. As regards the second schedule naming Akharas and Deras it contained originally 224 entries but all these could be challanged under the bill. Although three new entries have been added to the schedule a large number have been ommitted bringing the list down to 116 in the place of 224 but these 115 institutions have now been entirely excluded from the operation of this bill and can be sued only in an ordinary court of law. Another change is made to ensure that the trusts are administered according to the wishes of trustees and not by managing committees. Other changes facilitating the operation of the bill have also been made.

Raja Narendranath and Dr. Gokul Chand Narang have appended minutes of dissent explaining that while they wholeheartedly welcome the principle of the bill they feel that the bill does not guarantee special modes of worship for the various sects of Sikhs and that the Gurdwaras included in the bill have been included after summary enquiry without proper opportunity for Mahants to raise objections. It would be better if some Gurudwaras were left out than that those which were not Gurudwaras should be wrongly included in the list.—A.P.

Official and Personal.

H. H. The Maharaja of Kolhapur and Dr. Choksy lunched at Government House Ganeshkhind on Friday.

Lady Wilson visited the Baby Week Centre at Kirkee on Friday.

UNITY OF POLITICAL PARTIES

NEED OF COMMON PROGRAMME

MR. JINNAH'S REPLY TO MAHATMA'S STATEMENT

Bombay, June 20.

Referring to Mr. Gandhi's latest statement in "Young India" on unity of political parties Mr. M. A. Jinnah writes.—

I have read Mr. Gandhi's latest statement on the unity of political parties on the Congress platform. The Nationalists who are now outside the Congress fold have expressed their readiness to explore the avenues of united action with Congressmen. It is now for Congressmen—both Swarajists and No-Changers, to declare their mind on the question of unity. Reunion of political parties is possible and would be purposeful only if there is an agreement on the main principles which should govern the national policy. Suspension by the Belgaum Congress of the programme of Non-Co-operation eliminates the main obstacle to the return to the Congress of the Nationalists who were opposed to it. It is, however, necessary that before the nationalists re-enter the Congress, there should be a clear understanding as to what should be the main national policy both within the Legislatures and in the country. To-day, the Congress has no policy as regards activities within the Legislatures or political activities in the country. If leading Swarajists and No-Changers reciprocate the feeling in the circles of Nationalists outside the Congress fold for unity, the first step for them is to agree to a revision of the pact and the franchise and to put forward their view of what the national policy should be within the Legislatures and in the country. It has been suggested that the Nationalists who are now outside the Congress fold should enter the Congress unconditionally and convert the majority to their view of thinking. The Congress is composed largely of Swarajists and No-Changers who are mutually pledged to maintain the *status quo*. This understanding automatically shuts the door of the Congress to those Nationalists who do not belong to either school of thought within the Congress. If the Swarajists and No-Changers would make up their mind to meet the Nationalists outside the Congress fold on the question of the pact and franchise then, time would be ripe for representatives of the different schools of political thought to meet together with an open mind and put all their ideas, formulae, and creeds into the melting pot with a view to evolve a programme and policy that will be acceptable to all progressive sections of the people. The greatest need is to revitalise national life by strenuous constructive efforts with a view to cultivate the sanction behind the national will that will render the national demands irresistible. The late Mr. C. R. Das recognised this need and gave expression to it in his Faridpur address. It now rests with the Swarajists and Mr. Gandhi to give tangible effect to it.—A. P

WHOSE MISCHIEF?

BOMB BURST MYSTERY.

AMRITSAR, June 19.

The death of a cooly caused by the bursting of a bomb in a house in Kucha Bagh in the city has caused a mild sensation. It is stated that Maya Devi, a resident of the place in whose house the bomb had burst and who is not on good terms with her neighbours, was shifting to another house to avoid the frequent molestation by her neighbours. She had engaged two coolies to remove her effects and when it came to removing the fuel stored in a dark room one of the coolies laid his hand in a niche which was closely covered with bricks. No sooner did he touch the niche than there was a big noise like that of bombs bursting. It frightened the neighbours who rushed to the spot. The cooly was missing, but later he was discovered with fatal injuries on the head. His whereabouts have not been traced so far. There was no other damage done. The people in the surrounding houses have stated before the police that different persons used to visit the woman and some of them must have deposited this bomb there for his ultimate designs, but the woman states that some of her neighbours must have done this mischief. The real story is still shrouded in mystery, but the local police is busy with investigation.—A. P.

NO LAND.

IN NORWEGIAN SECTOR OF POLAR BASIN.

OSLOW, June 21.

The sloop "Heimdal" has left King's Bay for Lady Franklin Bay to fetch Capt. Amundsen's abandoned aeroplane.

The Premier has received a telegram from Capt. Amundsen, saying that he surveyed 160 thousand square kilometres and adding "we discovered no indication of land. Casting of lead in our northern most latitude gave 3750 metres leading to the supposition that no land exists in the Norwegian sector of Polar basin."—Reuter.

ONE MAN AFTER TILAK.

(Continued from previous page.)

Dr Dinshaw Bomanji Paymaster, Lalji Naranji, D G Madhaoji, C N Pandya, Maulana Shaukatali, Huseinbhoy A Lalji, J K Mehta, Manilal C Modi, R G Tripathi, B Das, P V Daruwalla, Mathuradas Trikumji, Mrs Avantikabai Gokhale, Poonsey H Mehesheri, Dr M B Velkar, Shivdas Chapsey, Balubhai T Desai, Jehangir J Curshetji, Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Dr M Mistri, H P Modi, Dr M C Javle, Sir Mohamad Hajibhai, Dr G V Deshmukh, F J Jinwalla, S S Batliwalla, K S Dhondy, Kashinath D Khote, K M Mistri, B G Parelkar, Salebhai K Barodawalla, Dr K E Dadachanji, S K Bole, Dr A R Henriques, A J Raymond, R M Chinoy, A R Dimtimkar, S N Morarji, Manekji K Patel, Purshottamdas B Sheth, H S H M Khatri, Revashankar Jagjivan, Pothan Joseph, G B Trivedi Dr Behram N Khambatta, Mukund Malavia, Kanji Dwarkadas, M A Jinnah, M C Chagla, Simon Reuben, Purshottam Tricumdas, R D Kapil, Hiralal D Nanavati, Motilal I Gandhi, P L Parekh, and Kasamali Daoodbhai.

The total number of signatories to the requisition is 105

BOUND TO AFFECT INDIAN SITUATION.

MR. GOSWAMI'S SPEACH BEFORE LABOUR M. P.'S.

A special cable to the "Hindu" from London states:

Mr. Goswami of the Indian Swarajya Party, lecturing at a gathering of Labour Members of Parliament known as the Independent Committee for a study of Indian affairs in the Commons last night, considered that the present position in India was greatly affected by the death of Mr. Das, whose object had been Indian Home Rule along peaceful lines. Mr. Goswami declared that the development in India now required a gesture by the British Government in a spirit of greater goodwill.

Mr. Chamanlal, who had been to Geneva, will address a future meeting of the Committee.

LORD BIRKENHEAD'S TRIBUTE.

SYMPATHY OF INDIANS IN LONDON.

LONDON, June 19.

Mr. Lansbury presided over a meeting composed of about 200 at Essex Hall, the majority of those present being Indians, at which a resolution was adopted recording the meeting's great sense of the loss at the death of Mr. Das and sympathising with the bereaved family and pledging itself, "to cooperate with the people of India to secure the triumph of the principles of freedom of speech for which Mr. Das lived and died".

Letters were read from Lord Birkenhead and Lord Reading, regretting that they could not be present. The former wrote "it would be affectation which you would despise if I pretended I was in sympathy with many of Mr. Das's views but it has long been our habit to lay aside our differences in the presence of death. No one questioned the intense sincerity with which Mr. Das flung himself into the causes in which he believed, still less the grave and sustained sacrifices which he made without counting the cost, on their behalf. At the moment of his premature death we mourn the extinction of a vivid, arresting and versatile personality".

Lord Reading wrote:—"The death of Mr. Das will be deeply regretted in India, especially Bengal, not only by those who agreed with his views but also by those who were opposed to him. In the presence of death differences of opinion, however acute, are forgotten. It will be universally acknowledged that Mr. Das was sincerely and devotedly attached to India and strove patriotically according to his conceptions to further the interests of Indians to the utmost of his powers". Lord Reading sympathised with the family in the loss of one who was dear to them and one who had made personal sacrifices for his ideals. —Reuter.

BEAR UP SISTER.

PT. MOTILAL NEHRU'S MESSAGE TO MRS. DAS.

Pt. Motilal Nehru wired to Sjt. Basanti Devi Das from Chamba under date 18th June.

Bear up, sister. Our loss is terrible, but God's will be done. Am quite unfit to undertake long journey but will be with you as soon as possible. "Forward."

A STUNNING BLOW.

Pt. Motilal Nehru wired to Mahatma Gandhi from Chamba June 18:

Shocking news of Chittaranjan's death has come as stunning blow. Don't know what to say or do. Trust you to console his family and hearten Bengal in this great misfortune. Am quite unable to undertake journey but will try best to reach Bengal as soon as possible. Returning Dalhousie to-morrow.

BRITISH LABOUR'S CONDOLENCE.

LONDON, June 18.

Mr. G. Lansbury Chairman and Mr. Graham Pole Secretary of the British Committee on Indian affairs cabled to Mrs. Das:

British Committee on Indian affairs meeting in House of Commons to-day passed resolution of deepest sympathy and regret to you and your family at loss of your husband.

"PASSING OF A KING."

MRS. NAIDU'S GLOWING TRIBUTE.

SECUNDERABAD, June 20.

Writing in the "Hyderabad Bulletin" to-day Mrs. Sarojini Naidu pays the following glowing tribute to the late Mr. C. R. Das:—"India is bowed with sorrow at the passing of a king, for kingly was Deshabandhu Das in every impulse and gesture of his life. Royal alike in the splendour of his bounty and the splendour of his renunciation, he died as all great men should die swiftly translated from mortality to immortality in the richest hour of his achievement, in the full glamour of his fame and prestige and power, as the idol of the nation he served with surpassing devotion. Thus is his illustrious memory secure from the impious and importunate challenge of time and change, enduring as the mighty Himalayas that stood sentinel at his death bed and saluted the heroic soul. The generations whom he swayed by his wonderful personality will find perennial inspiration in the record of his incomparable sacrifice, his invincible courage, his incorruptible passion for liberty. To the generations of to-morrow he will grow into a radiant figure of historic legend and romance, a vital portion of the epic beauty and the grandeur of their spiritual heritage. The ashes of his suffering flesh lie scattered on the sacred Ganges but his matchless spirit broods over us in divine benediction and in his own exquisite pharase, his "Love like a lighted lamp will lead us on the way to Swaraj".—A.P.

NO PERSONAL AMBITIONS.

EUROPEAN FRIEND'S TRIBUTE.

Mr. Theo. H. Thorne writing in the "Englishman" pays the following tribute to the late Mr. C. R. Das.

Like many another Britisher, the news I received by phone this (Tuesday) evening of the death of Mr. C. R. Das brought a feeling of intense sadness that there had passed away one of the greatest of Bengal's sons and to me personally a friend whom I highly valued.

I greatly deplore his death because it was both a privilege and, an honour to me to be permitted to some extent his confidence and I little knew that on Monday, May 11 when he asked me to come and see him, just before he left for Darjeeling, that that would be the last occasion on which I should meet one for whom I had the highest personal regard and for whose great gifts of leadership I had the greatest respect.

I would like to place on public record the subject of my last conversation with him." On the previous day, Sunday, May 10, at my request, I went down to see Sir Surendranath Bannerjea at Barrackpore and protested there to him personally, as I had done in writing, to what I considered his unfair attacks on Das in his book "A Nation in Making" and thereafter we discussed very happily possible future political changes. In my talk with Mr. C. R. Das next day—and here let me mention that there was no connection between the two as I was not even aware Mr. C. R. Das would wish to see me—I mentioned my visit to Sir Surendranath and believing as I did in a rapprochement between all of Bengal's parties I mentioned this matter to Mr. Das and expressed my fear as to the possible trouble as to who should lead this united party. As accurately as I remember his words they were as follows. "Have no fear. I shall not wish to lead it. All I wish and desire is that the party may be handed on to the right men for it cannot be left as it now is. For myself I only seek rest. I believe that I have some original thoughts and ideas which I should like to put into book form which may possibly help others. I frankly have no personal ambitions at all." Those were practically his last words to me and I left him feeling that here indeed was a man who was much misunderstood, a great man, and for whom, though I may possibly be misunderstood by many, I entertained not only regard but something very much akin to love.

My great hope to-night is this that in his death Mr. C. R Das may be even greater than when living, and that the hostility which had formed against his personality, as it does against that of all great men, may cease and that the entente for which he was working may be developed by all lovers of India and our Empire.

THE MAN, FRIEND & PATRIOT

MR. C. V. CHARIAR'S TRIBUTE.

MADRAS, June 20.

Mr. C. Vijayaraghav Chariar has sent the following telegram to Mrs. C. R. Das to-day from Kodaikanal:—Permit me to add my private and personal expression of grief and sense of loss at the sudden passing away of your beloved husband to the expression of national sorrow and bereavement with which all India will testify in appreciation of his political wisdom and recognition of his splendid self-sacrifice. Although I did not always see eye to eye with him in political issue I yield to none in my admiration of his unique courage and my love and respect for his dedication of his great talent in the service of our joint motherland. In the hour of your trial, you will be sustained by the deep affection and gratitude of all India mourning the man friend and patriot.—A. P.

"BENGAL'S IDOL" —LIVED AND DIED FOR SWARAJ.

AMRITSAR, June 20.

Lala Girdharilal, Secretary, Jallianwala Bagh Committee, has sent the following telegram to Mrs. Das:—"Personally, and on behalf of the Jallianwala Bagh Memorial Committee and staff I sincerely offer heartfelt sympathy in your cruel bereavement. Your loss is shared and mourned by all. Deshbandhu's sacrifices will ever remain green in grateful hearts of his countrymen. Shocked at the sudden loss of the idol of Bengal. He truly lived and died for Swaraj. May his noble work never wane. So help us God."—A.P.

"NONE TO REPLACE HIM."

BRITISH PRESS TRIBUTES.

The "Hindu" publishes the following special cables, dated London 17 inst:—

Mr. Das's death and its relation to the political situation is commented upon by only a few London papers though all print long obituaries.

SERIOUS BLOW TO INDIAN NATIONALISM.

The "Daily News" says: "The death may be a serious blow to the cause of Indian nationalism. Mr. Das tendered the olive branch which it would be a folly for the Government of India to reject. The most urgent question is whether another hand will be capable of proferring the same invitation to peace with the same authority, for there is apparently nobody to replace him. The recent gestures were the most hopeful achievements of his life and it is lamentable that they should be cut short at this untimely juncture."

"INDIA'S PARNELL—AND NATIONAL HERO."

The "Daily Herald" compares Mr. Das to Parnell, extols his tactics of obstruction and adds: "Mr. Das died just when he was given a valuable instrument to stir up an agitation by the reinstatement of the old system of 'the strong hand' in Bengal. He will be mourned as a national hero and as always happens when national movements are genuine, another will arise to take his place."

"HIS DEATH A LOSS INDEED."

The Daily Graphic writes that Mr. Das might have become the Arthur Griffith of India taking a moderating and mediating part in the embittered struggle. If this was a token of the change of heart for which he appealed his death is a loss indeed.

TRIBUTE TO CALCUTTA'S FIRST MAYOR.

CORPORATION'S CONDOLENCE RESOLUTION.

CALCUTTA, June 19.

Recalling the many beneficent schemes initiated by the Calcutta Corporation at the inspiration of Mr. C. R. Das, the Councillors at their specal meeting placed on record their profound regret at the sudden and untimely death of their first Mayor. Amidst touching scenes a life-size portrait of Mr. Das was placed on the Mayoral chair and flower wreaths were placed on the footstool. Mr. H. S. Suhraverdy, Deputy Mayor in moving the resolution said: Mr. Das taught us the significance of true nationalism, true unity and co-operation mutual respect, discipline and self-respect.

The following resolution was unanimously carried:—

"That the Corporation of Calcutta places on record their profound regret at the sudden and untimely death of their Mayor Deshbandhu Chitta Ranjan Das and their sense of the incalculable loss sustained by his death and pay their humble tribute to his glorious memory.

The Corporation take this opportunity of acknowledging gratefully the many beneficient schemes initiated and inspired by him particularly in connection with the extension of primary education and medical relief, the supply of cheap and pure milk, the housing of the poor and the enlishment of the Cooperation of the people in municipal work. His high ideals, his passionate devotion to his country, his unfailing sympathy for the poor and the distressed, his stupendous sacrifices his burning sense of justice, his great services in the cause of humanity and brotherhood have placed him for even as one of the greatest and noblest sons of India and have earned for him the reverence and devotion of his countrymen. The Corporation feel that an example such as his cannot die and will continue to be a source of guidance and inspiration for future generations. The Corporation desire that an expression of their sincere sympathy and their condolences be conveyed to his family in their common affliction."

MEMORIAL COMMITTEE.

A committee was formed to consider what steps should be taken to perpetuate in the Corporation the memory of the first Mayor of Calcutta.

Before the meeting dispersed the Deputy Mayor read the following telegram received from the Indian Political Association, Kimberley.

"We learn with profound sorrow the sad tidings of the irreparable loss which India has sustained in the demise of Deshbandhu Das who devoted his life, time, energy and wealth for the Swaraj movement and the elevation of India to an equal status with other nations. We mourn with you in India's national calamity."

TRIBUTES FROM 24 PARGANAS D. B

CALCUTTA, June 20.

Glowing tributes to the memory of late Deshabandhu Das laying great stress on his burning love for freedom in every sphere were paid by Mr. D. C. Ghose at a special meeting of the 24 Parganas District Board held at the Board premises, Alipore to-day. In solemn silence the Board passed a resolution recording its sense of profound and irreparable loss substained by the country at the demise of Deshabandhu Chittaranjan Das. It was carried all standing with bowed heads.

A committee was formed to consider the ways and means for perpetuating the memory of the departed leader.—A. P.

MOURNING ALL OVER INDIA

CONDOLENCE MEETINGS AND HARTALS

Telegrams from all over the country are constantly pouring in describing the condolence meetings held and hartals observed. Resolutions were passed at public meetings held among other places at Bulsar, Khamgaon, Sarbhom (Surat), Seoni, Nasik, Modasa, Bijapur, Gadag, Kharagpur, Tavel, Wardha, Chanda, Vile Parle, Bagolkat, Chalisgaon and Bhavnagar.

Condolence resolutions were also passed by following bodies:—Yarn, Copper and Brass Merchants' Association, Bombay Glassware Merchants' Association, Bombay Bullion Exchange, Calcutta Indian Association Committee and Aligarh Municipal Board.

ZANZIBAR PLUNGED INTO GRIEF.

(From our Correspondent.)

ZANZIBAR, June 20.

The Zanzibar Indian community was plunged into intense grief and sorrow on receiving the sad news of Deshbandhu Das' sudden death. It closed all business also schools entirely for one day.

An over-crowded public meeting, presided over by Sheth Framroze Cawasji Dinshaw, passed a resolution recording the irreparable national loss, and condolences to Deshbandhu's family. Hundreds shed tears when Mr. Anantani categorically enumerated the deceased's colosal sacrifices for the country's cause, explaining what His death at this critical juncture in India's struggle for emancipation meant.

GRIEF OF INDIANS IN DURBAN.

The following telegram was received from Durban (South Africa) by Mahatma Gandhi, dated 17th inst:—

Mahatma Gandhi:—

Indians assembled record their sense of deep sorrow and concern at sudden death of India's patriotic son and leader, Deshbandhu Das. Please accept and convey to relatives community's heartfelt sympathy in their and India's great loss."

Amod Bayat, President Natal Indian Congress.

PUNJAB COUNCIL'S REGRET.

SIMLA, June 20.

The Punjab Legislative Council met to-day in the Legislative Assembly Chamber when Sardar Tara Singh presented the Select Committee's report on the Sikh Gurdwara Bill without any speech. But before this was done a few questions were answered and feeling references made to the death of Mr. C. R. Das. The President said that Deshbandhu Das was a firm believer in the necessity of unity among the various communities in India and welding them into a nation in the true sense of the term. Sir John Maynard, on behalf of the official benches associated himself with the expression of regret that had fallen from the lips of the Chairman. Raja Narendranath said that it would be impossible to replace him in the political life of India. Mr. Maqbul Mahomed said that Deshbandhu Das had a special claim on the admiration of the Punjabees because he came to their rescue when the Punjab was under Martial Law. Mian Shah Nawaz referred to the Bengal Hindu-Muslim Pact which stood as a great instance of Deshbandhu Das's foresight and judgment. A message of condolence was asked to be conveyed to Mrs. Das.

The Council adjourned till 6th July when the Select Committee's report on Gurdwara Bill will be taken into consideration.—A.P.

CEYLON'S SYMPATHY.

MADRAS, June 20.

A message to the "Hindu" from Ceylon says:—The Ceylon Legislative Council has carried Mr. Vietor Corea's motion to send to the Indian Government and the people expression of sincere sympathy with the great loss sustained by the death of Deshbandhu Das.—A. P.

POONA MUNICIPALITY'S GRIEF.

POONA, June 19.

The Poona City Municipality in its meeting of the general body held this evening passed a resolution recording their sense of deep and profound sorrow at the death of Mr. C. R. Das. In him the country lost a great political leader and statesman. The Municipality shared the grief of Mrs. Das and Bengal. The meeting was adjourned in honour of the memory of Mr. Das—A.P.

AT RANGOON.

RANGOON, June 20

A public meeting convened by the leading men of the various communities including Burmese and Chinese was held this evening at the Jubilee Hall at which resolutions were passed recording its sense of sorrow at the death of Mr. C. R. Das. The meeting was largely attended and was presided over by Dr. Ba Yin, M.L.C.—A.P.

U. P. LIBERALS' CONDOLENCE

ALLAHABAD, June 21.

At an emergency meeting of the U.P. Liberal Association held here resolutions were passed expressing its sorrow at the death of late Maharajah of Gwalior and Mr. C. R. Das.

The resolution on the death of Mr. Das contained the following:—"In his death the country loses a leader of singular force of character and spirit of self-sacrifice who whatever his views, was actuated by motives of patriotism and service to the country".—A.P.

AT WARDHA.

WARDHA, June 19.

On receipt of the news of Deshbandhu Das's death all business was suspended on Thursday. The Municipal Offices were also closed in honour of the departed leader. Early in the morning a mourning procession with black flags was formed and passed through the city. The whole city has assumed mourning aspect. In spite of the rains a public meeting was held in the Tilak Chowk in the evening. Acharya Vinobaji Bhave presiding, when a resolution of condolence was passed.—A.P.

STUDENTS' HOMAGE.

MASS MEETING IN BOMBAY

PUNJAB'S INFLUENCE ON DAS'S LIFE.

At a mass meeting of the students of Bombay held on Saturday evening under the presidency of Mr. M. A. Jinnah the following resolution was passed:—

"This mass meeting of the students of Bombay held under the joint auspices of the Muslim Students' Union, the Bombay Students' Brotherhood and the Young Men's Parsee Association, places on record its deep sense of loss and sorrow at the sad and untimely death of Deshbandhu Chitta Ranjan Das, and offers to the family of the deceased its heartfelt condolence in their sad bereavement."

"That the Chairman of the meeting be requested to forward a copy of the resolution to Mrs. C. R. Das."

MR. JAYAKAR'S SPEECH.

Mr. M. R. Jayakar in the course of his lecture on Deshbandhu Das, said:—

To understand Das, you have to follow him into the times when he lived and made his name. Like a great man, he was truly responsive to the requirements of his age, and his greatness lay in being far more responsive than most people. The interaction of time and place had a greater sway on him than on the most people, and the readiness with which he responded to the call of the times was in exact proportion with his eminence. His ancestry had provided him with all the qualities, education, culture, knowledge, and impulses, which make a man responsive to his age. His education had received a finishing touch in England, where he saw in its best working the political machinery of a free country. I first met him on an eventful afternoon during the time when the Congress session was held in Calcutta in 1917. Before that, he had made his reputation as a strong, forcible, persuasive lawyer, with a magnificent personality and clientele. I saw him then dressed in the best style, a tall magnificent figures imperious unbending and majectic. At a private dinner where I met him, I could discover the great qualities that made him a successful lawyer. I could imagine how judges must have yielded to his persuasion and vigour and how witness in the boxes must have quailed before his searching and brisk cross-examination. On one or two subsequent occasions on which we met at social functions, I could discover nothing deeper than these qualities which made him great in forensic and public life. That was reserved for another occasion, and when we came together as Commissioners in the Congress Enquiry into the Punjab disorders, for several weeks I was thrown into intimate contact with him. As we examined the witnesses week after week, as men, women and children, the victims of British maltreatment, poured in one after another and gave their evidence in terms which brought tears into the eyes, I saw the tenderer side of Das's life become more and more manifest. The tragedy shocked all of us. On a few it had a lifelong effect. It converted a staunch Liberal like my friend, Mr Abbas Tyebji, into a confirmed Congressman and No-changer. On Das I could see it was having a tremendous effect day after day. It revealed to him the appalling helplessness of the Indian people, their extreme poverty, their low state of life and health, their abject misery. It taught him further to abhor, for all time the claim of "law and order" as made by a few foreigners maintaining their supremacy by a veiled militarism in India. He discovered—and the discovery was lasting—that British rule was at best a veiled militarism, maintained at bottom with the aid of the mailed fist and which, on the least provocation, was likely to take the form of an aggressive martial law regime, in which law and order were replaced by massacre and misrule. That lesson was tremendously impressed on his mind. That accounts for his strong diatribe against the doctrine of "law and order" which you will find embodied in his beautiful address delivered as President of the Gaya Congress. A keen student of constitutional law and British precedents, he could discover the great difference between "law and order" as maintained in a free country by one section of the people over another section of their countrymen, and such a claim maintained in a country like India by a few foreigners administering the doctrine of 'law and order', chiefly with an eye to self-preservation and self-interest. It made him for all time and enemy of "law and order". A departing Judge of the Bombay High Court told us the other day that lawyers ought to support 'law and order', but he forgot that those two expressions had hardly any mean-

(Continued on page 9.)

SPORTING NEWS

BOMBAY CRICKET.

TALL SCORING BY COLAH.

"DOLLY" KAPADIA IN FORM.

Ideal weather conditions prevailed on Saturday afternoon and cricketers took full advantage of it by turning out in their numbers. The wicket had hardened on account of a dry week and to those who could make it so, it was a batsman's paradise. Men like "Dolly" Kapadia and Colah who know how to wield the willow had no mercy on the bowlers and ran up large scores in a short time. The Parsi Gymkhana received short shrift at the hands of the strong Imperial Bank eleven on their own ground. Pesi Darowalla the Quadrangular fast bowler could not make impression on the Bank batsmen who were able to compile 133 runs for 4 wickets before declaring. The Gymkhana which contained a number of young collegians were not successful in their venture and not one could reach his double figures. The innings closed for 55 runs leaving the Bank winners by 78 runs. For the Bank Kalapesi captured 7 wickets for 19 runs and Mistry bowled 3 for 18. The Islam Gymkhana suffered the same fate on their ground when they went under to Killick Nixon and Co. by a margin of 93 runs. For the company Dolly Kapadia and H. Milne with 64 and 44 respectively contributed the bulk of the total of 149, while the 20 extras was no inconsiderable number. Five of the rest showed a marked tendency to poultry farming. Mahmood did quite well with his 7 wickets for 46. The Islam players all contributed their mites to make up a total of 56 runs. The Hindu Gymkhana had better fortune when they met the Sixteen Stars Cricket Club and trounced them soundly by 3 wickets and 72 runs. B. Jog and S. Pawaskar opened confidently for the Gymkhana while D. J. Pathare showed great patience in collecting 39 runs.

IMPERIAL BANK BEAT PARSI GYMKHANA

IMPERIAL BANK.

F F Badshah not out	45
J M Shaikh c Bulsara b Daruwalla	7
S Colah c Contractor b Daruwalla	62
B K Kalapesi b Engineer	1
Shaikh Gulab c Reporter b Tata	1
Khajotia not out	4
N D Cooper, R S Paton, Talpade, F. Mistry and J Mistry did not bat.	
Extras	13
Toeal for 4 wkts.	133

PARSI GYMKHANA.

K P Umrigar b Kalapesi	0
N D Marshall c Khajotia C J Mistry	0
H N Contractor b Kalapesi	0
M R Reporter lbw, Mistry	6
F Pavri c Mistry b Kalapesi	7
H Engineer c Kalapesi b Mistry	1
E. Mistry c Cooper b Kalapesi	7
Daruwalla b Kalapesi	4
Dr. Tata c Colah b Kalapesi	0
C. Bulsara not out	9
F D Wadia c Gulab b Kalapesi	8
Extras	13
Total	55

ISLAM GYMKHANA BEATEN.

KILLICK NIXON'S C. C.

Pilgaokar c V Ahmed	12
C. Rodrigues b Mahmood	0
C Fosberry b Mahmood	0
D K Kapadia c Syed b Mahmood	64
H F Milne c Jani b Mahmood	44
J. Milne b Syed	0
K Hamilton b Syed	0
G C Reid c and b Mahmood	1
A D N Smith c Currim b Mahmood	0
S Parker c Jani b Mahmood	7
W. Fernandes not out	1
Extras	20
Total	149

ISLAM GYMKHANA.

Jani b Parker	2
R M Shaikh b Parker	4
K. Contractor run out	5
Vali Ahmed c Smith b Fernandes	3
T. Barodawalla b Fernandes	3
H Syd b Pilgaoker	1
Nazir Gani c Reid b Pilgaoker	4
M Syed b Pilgaoker	1
Shaikh Mahmood b Fosberry	6
S Syed not out	5
H Abdulla lb-w,	5
Extras	17
Total	56

AN EASY WIN FOR HINDU GYM.

SIXTEEN STARS C. C.

V P Chachad st. b Rana	24
Gharat c Rana b Kothare	6
P S Lele b M Gandhi	13
Wadkar b Kothari	0
N. S. Shete b Gandhi	10
S R Godambe b C M Rana	15
Karbadkar c Kothari b Rana	13
B D Pai lb-w M. Gandhi	0
Pawle st. b Rana	5
K A Gidh b Gandhi	4
Gokhale not oue	0
Extras	3
Total	89

HINDU GYMKHANA "B."

B D Jog c Gandhi b Chachad	28
S K Pawaskar b N Shete	24
S M Vakil st. b Lele	15
C M Rana b Godambe	17
D J. Pathar not out	39
T H Joshi z M Shete	0
M S Sutla c Wadkar b Godambe	2
A S Hamanth b Godambe	0
G H Bhatt not out	11
K P Kothare and R M Gandhi, did not bat.	
Extras	13
Total (for 7wkts.)	161

Know Thyself

Send Birth Date and Time for comprehensive character Sketch and useful advice. If Reading given satisfies, remit Re. 1 to defray expenses; Address: INDIAN CHARMS. Department No. 8 Post Box 523, Calcutta

SUNDAY'S MATCHES.

Cricket on the Kennedy Sea Face was unusually bright on Sunday when some tall scoring was done on the Hindu, Islam and Parsi Gymkhanas. Saturday's fair weather favoured the whole day engagements and the turf was in ideal condition. On the Esplanade maidan the Bombay Gymkhana made a beginning with test match of 15 aside. F. G. Travers, the Quadrangular skipper fielded the better side which beat Mr. Donnelly's XI by 161 runs, the scores being, Travers' C. M. Rana's XI almost scred a decisive XI 243, Donnelly's XI 142.

PARSI GYM. VS. C. M. RANA'S XI..

C. M. Rana's XI almost scored a decisive win against the Parsi Gymkhana on the latter's ground in a whole day engagement which produced some good batting performances. The visiting team going in to bat first upset the Parsi bowling and declared their innings at 201 for 4 wickets. The Pardeshi-Jog partnership which produced 128 runs was an excellent performance. Pupala who has been very consistent, contributed 37 without losing his wicket. Jog's 64 includes 6 boundaries and 2 sixes.

The Parsi Gymkhana could do little to score quckly and their only chance was in staying in till the stumps were drawn. The board showed 107 for 8 wickets at the end of the day.

C. M. RANA'S XI.

K. G. Pardeshi, st. Mehta, b Vatcha 60; C. M. Rana, c Mody, b Kalapesi 14; H. H. Doshi, c Daruwalla, b Vatcha 16; B. D. Jog, c Kalapesi, b Mody 64; D. L. Pupapala not out 37; H. Mahale not out 1; Arundekar, M. H. Chandarana, V. Joshi and Lotwalla did not bat; extras 9, total for 4 wickets 201.

PARSI GYMKHANA.

B. K. Kalapesi, c. Pardeshi, b. Joshi 34; S. H. Mehta, b. Joshi 6; H. N. Contractor, b. Joshi 11; S. M. Chothia, b. C. M. Rana 18; N. D. Marshall not out 21; F. Pavri, c. Pupala, b. Rana 5; H. Engineer, c. Pardeshi, b. Arundekar 1; K. J. Mody, b. Arundekar 0; Dr. R. Tata, b. Pardeshi 0; P. Daruwalla not out 0; M. Vatcha did not bat 0; extras 11; total for 8 wickets 107.

ISLAM GYM BEAT EAST. TEL. C. C.

The Islam Gymkhana scored a decisive win against the Eastern Telegraph Cricket Club, Vali Ahmed and T. T. Barodawalla being chiefly responsible for the home team's success. The Telegraph bowling was not too deadly and brought little damage. They were all at the Mercy of Vali Ahmed (83) who lifted them over the line no less than thirteen times and Barodawalla who put up eight fours and 2 sixes in his 60.

ISLAM GYMKHANA.

H. H. Syed, l-b-w ,b. Extross 0; Nazir Sani, c. Extross, b. Coutinho 4; Vali Ahmed, b. Fernandes 83; R. M. Shaikh, c. D'Cruz, b. Coutinho 6; T. Barodawalla, b. Fernandes 60; M. H. Syed, b. Extross 1; Haji Abdulla, l-b-w., b. D'Cruz 7; H. Tyabji, b. D'Cruz 15; G. U. Lakhani, c. Extross, b. D'Cruz 16; Syed S. Shaw, not out 8; A. Nanji, b. Fernandes, 0; extras 19; total 219.

EASTERN TELEGRAPH C. C.

C. Coutinho, c. Sani, b. Lakhani 0; Gonsalves, b. Lakhani 17; Gregory, c. and b. Lakhani 0; P. D'Cruz, b. Lakhani 8; Augustinho, b. Syed Shaw 11; Extros, b. Syed Shaw 1; A. Fernandes, b. Syed Shaw 3; Marshall, c. Baroda b. Syed Shaw 11; J. C. D'Cruz, not out 30; White, b. Lakhani 6; G. Rozario, b. Nanji 0; extras 15; total 102.

A DRAWN GAME.

The second team of the Hindu Gymkhana drew with the All Joy C. C. on the former's ground the scores being Hindu Gymkhana 'B' 218 for 7 wickets and All Joy C. C. 187 for 3 wickets. For the Gymkhana N. Shete put up 101 including 4 sixes and eight 4's. Belsare and Hate were responsible for 45 and 24 respectively. The Gymkhana declared their innings at 4-30 p.m. at 218 for 7 wickets and the visitors were able to collect 187 for 3 wickets when stumps were drawn.

L. P. Jai scored 43 but Engineer was the mainstay of the team making 87 including 11 fours.

HINDU GYMKHANA "B."

S. G. Narvane, c. Desai, b. Jai 0; M. M. Hate, c. and b. Bhagwat 24; M. S. Sutla, c. and b. Jai 7; P. Vijayakar, c. Bhatt, b. Bhagwat 14; N. S. Shete not out 101; S. N. Belsare, c. and b. Jai 45; T. H. Joshi, c. Desai, b. Bhatt 0; S. V. Vadde, c. Bhatt, b. Jai 2; N. D. Dave, not out 6; M. C. Pandya and Bhid did not bat, extras 19; total for 7 wickets 218.

ALL JOY C. C.

L. P. Jai, c. Sulla b. Dave 43; N. D. Engineer, c. Belsare, b. Pandya 87; S. R. Desai, b. Dave 16; S. K. Pawaskar, not out 26; B. G. Kenny not out 2; G. H. Bhatt, D. N. Ambre, Khanwazir, M. N. Mehta, R. K. Bhatt and R. N. Bhagwat did not bat; extras 13; total for 3 wickets 187.

COUNTY CRICKET.

LONDON, June 19.

The following are the results of County cricket matches that began on Wednesday last:—

Yorkshire vs. Glamorganshire:—Yorkshire won by an innings and 136 runs. Glamorgan 246 and 197 (Macaulay taking 7 wickets for 81). Yorkshire 579 and 6 wickets and declared.

Leicesershire vs. Warwickshire:—Warwickshire won by four wickets. Leicester 163 and 229. Warwickshire 148 and 245 for six. (Smith 134. Smith taking 4 wickets for 15).

Sussex vs. Gloucestershire:—Sussex won by five wickets. Gloucestershire 251 and 93. Sussex 200 and 145 for five wickets.

Kent vs. Middlesex:—Middlesex wtn by an innings and 14 runs. Kent 247 and 227. (Knott 62 not out. Durston capturing 5 wickets for 59). Middlesex 488.

Surrey vs. Cambridge University:—Cambridge won by six wickets. Surrey 344 and 280 for 7 and declared. Cambridge 179 and 427 for 4. (Francis 66, L. Crawley 50, Duleep Singh 98 and Dawson 125).

Essex vs. Lancashire:—Lancashire won on the first innings. Essex 293 and 334 for three. (Eastman 97 and Cutmore 134 not out. Lancashire 431 for 5 wickets and declared.

The following are closing scores in County cricket matches that began to-day:—

Surrey vs. Somerset at the Oval.—Somerset 206. (White 61). Surrey 134 for 1. Hobbs 80, not out).

Notts vs. Middlesex at Nottingham:—Notts 167. (Payton 78. Dusston taking 4 for 46). Middlesex 127. (Barratt 5 for 44 and Staples 4 for 33).

Yorkshire vs. Leicestershire at Hull:—Yerkshire 386 for 2. (Sutcliffe 129 and Holmes 194).

Warwickshire vs Kent at Birmingham:—Warwick 137. (Calthorpe 61. Wright taking 6 for 62). Kent 42. (Calthorpe taking 6 for 17 and Howell 4 for 24). Warwick in the second innings made 88 for 4. (Smith 51).

Northamptonsaire vs. Glamorgan at Kettering.—Northampton 135. (Mercer 6 for 47). Glamorgan 107. (Thomas taking 6 for 54). Northants in the second innings made 56 for 2.

Lancashire vs. Hampshire at Manchester:—Lancashir 277 for 4. (Makepeace 65, Watson 81, not out).

Derbyshire vs. Worcestershire at Chesterueld.—Worcester 133. (Morton 4 for 38). Derby 130 for 5.

Susex vs. Cambridge University:—Cambridge 543. (Dawson 140, Bennett 88, Enthoven 75, Eastman 93, Freeman 106. not out. and Perrin 85, not out). Sussex 31 for 4. —Reuter's Special.

LONDON, June 20.

Essex vs. Oxford University at Chelmsford. Essex 340 for 4 (Eastman 93, Freeman 106 not out, Perrin 85 not out).—Reuter.

JHANSI QUEEN'S DEATH ANNIVERSARY.

POONA, June 19.

Under the auspices of Bharat Swayamsewak Mandal of Poona City the death anniversary of Laxmibai, Queen of Zanshi was celebrated at which Mr. L. B. Bhoptakar, delivered an address and Mr. N. C. Kelker presided. Mr. Bhopatker dwelling on the life history of Laxmibai threw much light from original papers and information on the question of how she was forced to tage part in the mutiny of 1857 in spite of herself. He laid emphasis on the importance of such celebrations in Maharashtra because as Shivaji was the first, Laxmibai was the last link in the chain of the Mabratta Empire. He stated further that "mutiny" was a relative term and bore even opposite interpretations according to the standpoints of view.—A.P.

MECHANICAL TRANSPORT RESERVE.

An important modification has been made in the rules for joining the Mechanical Transport Reserve.

All men of good character, civilians without any previous service in the Army, or ex-soldiers irrespective of the length of their Army Service, are eligible for direct enlistment into the M. T. driver reserve, provided they are in possession of driving license.

The period of service will be for four years, but no man can remain in the reserve after he is 40 years of age. When not called up for training or service, the reservist will receive Rs. 7 a month. When called up for training Rs. 16 a month plus corps pay (which varies from Re. 1 to As. 6 per day) plus free rations and other concessions. Reservists will be called up for one month in time of peace every year.

Applications for enrolment should be made to the Officer Commanding, No. 12 (Indian), M. T. Company, Assaye Buildings, Colaba, Bombay, from whom further particulars can be obtained.

BARODA MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

BARODA, June 19.

After the broad franchise granted by the Government, the citizens of Baroda had the first opportunity of using their new franchise of municipal election. The voting took place on the 11th instant and continued for three days morning and evening. There were 24 wards and in all there were 62 candidates. On the Municipal Commissioner and President Mr. Gokhale being enrolled as one of the candidates other competitors applied to His Excellency the Dewan either to prevent him from standing as a candidate or to appoint another special election officer. The Dewan Saheb allowed Mr. Gokhale to take his chance but put the whole election management and supervision in the hands of the District Magistrate Mr. S. V. Mukerjee. Even with this precaution some of the wards were scenes of rowdyism and disorder. Police parties had to be stationed at some of the polling stations. However, thanks to the vigilant supervision and rigid sense of impartiality of the District Magistrate, no serious trouble arose. The result will be announced on the 22nd instant at the general meeting of the Corporation in the presence of the Suba.

Madras, June 19. At a public meeting under the auspices of the South Indian Liberal Federation a resolution was passed thanking the Madras Government for appointing a special officer to enquire whether the imposition of the punitive tax in Guti District was necessary or not and requesting that two non-officials be associated with the special officer.—A. P.

Brisbane, June 20.—The English Association Football team beat Queensland by eleven goals to nil.—Reuter.

STUDENT'S HOMAGE.

(Continued from page 8.)

ing worth the name in a country administered like India, and were apt to degenerate into the worst form of misrule, unless the restraints of public opinion operated vigorously I think those few months spent in the Punjab turned Das for all time against the irresponsible methods of British rule. But it also worked another miracle. It made him uneasy—uneasy in the sense that he felt that, with his colossal practice and its attendant luxuries, he had to keep his mind free to devote itself to the growing requirements of the country. I think the consciousness gradually grew on him that nothing short of absolute freedom from other calls of life and likewise from the ravages his own profession made on his time and energy, would secure him that measure of energy and leisure which was necessary for doing his best for his people. Mentally he contrasted his own affluence with the poverty of his countrymen, his strength with their weakness, his power with their helplessness, and he came to the conclusion that nothing short of a complete absorption in their affairs, their woes and sorrows and their uplift, would satisfy the inner craving of his heart. The change was more or less observable in all those who took a prominent part in that enquiry as commissioners. It was impossible to avoid it. We saw British rule in its worst aspects. Away from law-courts and from Presidency and District towns we saw its working in far-off districts in the hands of small and petty despots, Indian as well as European. It revealed to us the worst weaknesses of this system of rule, and,, speaking for myself, it convinced me that, unless replaced very shortly by some form of popular government, it would become worse and worse. It is, therefore, no surprise that gradually Das prepared himself for the final sacrifice.

CHANGE WORKED ITS WAY

I put the beginning of such a resolve in that period when he worked in the Punjab, and I could see during succeeding years a growing distaste in him to enjoy what he regarded at one time as indispensable necessities of his own life. When we met in the Special Congress at Calcutta, the change had worked half its way. His speech on the amendment of Mr. Bepin Chandra Pal is full of indications of what I am stating. He supported to some extent the theory and the principle of non-co-operation as advanced by Mahatma Gandhi, but he thought that, the doctrine being so novel and drastic, larger preparation and organisation were necessary for its accomplishment. Many of us took the same view then, but we lost the amendment. Subsequent years were full of far-reaching events, and at Nagpur it was realised that there was no safety unless we threw ourselves into the movement and tried to regulate it from within. Das saw the danger of letting the doctrine spread in Bengal without his intervention and controlling of it. He knew the Bengali character better than many who had ushered the movement, and it was quite legitimate for him to desire to lead it in Bengal, even with a difference in order to keep the control of it in his own hands. Perhaps he misjudged its momentum, and in the agitation which followed on the enactment and enforcement of the Criminal Law Amendment Act, his dislike of the "law and order" doctrine as propounded in the Punjab led him to the forefront of the agitation. His subsequent stay in prison gave him an amount of time during which he could coolly reflect upon the real strength of the popular movement, and it has now been proved that, if he had not been under the sway of delicate considerations arising from his own imprisonment, he would have openly asked Mahatmaji to accept the Viceroy's offer made at the end of 1921. That is, however, a closed chapter now, and I do not wish to open it. I only wish to point out that it made him more and more bitter. When I met him a few weeks after that in Bombay, he was very different from the Das I knew in the Punjab.

A CONTRAST TO GANDHI.

In the Punjab he presented a strong contrast to Mahatmaji. Vigorous, forceful, constitutional, law-abiding, the doyen of the Bar and the favourite of litigants, he was a mighty contrast, with his fine physique and tall figure to the feeble, humble, gentle and apologetic Mahatmaji. I had good opportunities of seeing the working of these two great, yet opposing forces. In every discussion that took place at the time, one could observe these two great men working towards a common end, but with different mentalities. Das was like a great sledge-hammer beating his objects into shape as he wanted. Yet Gandhiji was like a fine chisel cutting through steel without any noise. Invariably Gandhi prevailed by the superior force of truth and logic, and I can recall a number of occasions when straightforward and honest-minded Das would confess that Gandhi was right and he was wrong. These two men were a curious combination. And you find the inter-action of these two mighty forces often displayed in the result of the work of the Congress Enquiry Committee. I remember— there is no harm in disclosing it now—the hard fight we had over Mahatmaji's suggestion that we should say in our Report that India should waive the right to call for the impeachment of Lord Chelmsford. We debated that question for very nearly a day and a half, the lawyers on one side and Gandhi on the other, and in the end we yielded to his recommendation that India would gain more by waiving that right than otherwise. That recommendation, I was subsequently told, had caused infinite difficulties to the friends of India working in England, but I am not sure the result would have been otherwise even if we had made a contrary recommendation. In the case of this recommendation Mahatmaji's proverbial forbearance told. Those of us who were thrown into intimate contact with Gandhi during this period can recall the wonderful effect it had upon us all, and I am sure Das was not free from it. It softened and humanized his strong and vigorous personality. He often turned to it in his conversation. The change, however, was slow, deep and imperceptible. With a character like his, which knows no halting stages or half-way houses, its effect must have worked in arithmetical progression as days went by.

Mr. Jayakar, continuing, described how Das saw the futility of boycotting the Councils, and how at Gaya the beginnings of the Swaraj Party were fashioned out.

The old law-giver, proceeded Mr. Jayakar, laid down that the object of earning money is to spend it on the people, and Das literally carried out that rule. His vision was large and not petty. His compromises with the Mahomedans, briefly summed up in the Bengal Pact, have often been mercilessly criticized by many who now appear to be overcome by the news of his death. I know that these compromises were not the outcome of a low sense of expediency, but of a broadminded vision which saw the necessity of placating the Mahomedans as brethren. With what ferocity he fought for the Pact is known to those who saw him defend it at Cocanada. The Mahomedans had in him a just advocate and supporter. He was a true disciple of Lord Gauranga, his knowledge of music was considerably over the average, and he took a living interest in the musical literature of his times. His gifts as a poet are known to few, but I am told that his "Sagar Sangit" can stand comparison with some of the writings of Rabindranath Tagore. His friendships were very large and broad, and everybody worth knowing in his time in Bengal, he knew very intimately. As a man, he was most lovable and affectionate. His infirmities often made him more lovable. On many points he was intensely human, not free from gentle weaknesses which made him so adorable. His sense of humour was deep, and often he recalled with ease exquisitely humorous passages and incidents from classical literature, which he must have read very largely while a student. He was patriotic, but not in the narrow sense of a revivalist of ancient dogmatism. He liked a great deal in Eiglish literature, and in English social life, and was prepared that it should replace many of the customs which we had outgrown. He was perfectly modern in his views and sentiments. His knowledge of his contempararies was profound, and he knew them well, their strength and weakness.

FARIDPUR SPEECH.

About a couple of months ago was perhaps wrought one of the last transformations in his life, and his Faridpur speech appears to me to be the outcome of such a change. Whatever one may think of the propriety and the wisdom of that speech.—and I know there are different views held about this matter—one cannot help admiring the fine courage and candour of the man who made it. To a progenitor of a policy of "continuous uniform and consistent obstruction" it was a great climb-down to have made such a speech, knowing it was likely to cause him extreme unpopularity. But that did not daunt this fearless man. A friend said to me the other day that, now that Das is dead, that speech of his will acquire a fresh significance, because, in the events which have happened that speech is now written, as it were, with the last drops of his blood. What the future has in store for us I cannot say, but there is no doubt that with Das dead, that speech has a far greater significance than with Das alive. No one thought it was going to be his last utterance, but he seems to have put his soul into it. He took the risk of being misjudged as he undoubtedly was. But he knew, from his point of view that the country wanted soothing, and he had the courage to give it. This is courage of a very rare and magnificent order, and even his critics must admire the working of the mind which was not afraid of inconsistency and contradiction. I can well imagine how he must have writhed under the attacks made on him in consequence of the speech, and under the disappointment that his speech left the Government cold. I only hope this did not add to the agony of his physical sufferings.

Mr. Jayakar concluded:—

"He was estimable as a great man, but more so as a good man. He has left us at a critical time. His work is half-finished. It can only be finished by us acting in concert. There is a possibility that his death may cause disintegration. I am sure the Swarajists are alive to this danger and will try to prevent it. But, is it impossible to hope that, out of the present catastrophe, a greater sense of unity will come? This large mass meeting—the like of which I have very rarely witnessed during recent years—contains many political workers. Will it not be possible for them to unite in the cause which Das held so dear and which he has handed down to us to be rendered worse or better as we choose?"

DEPRESSION IN PUBLIC LIFE.

In proposing a vote of thanks to the lecturer, Mr. Jinnah said that what was wanted was a strong nation which could express an intelligent judgment on public questions and could give a definite mandate to its representatives and back it up with action. But before such a stage could be reached, there must be vigorous propaganda to educate the people. Mr. Jinnah regretted that the public life in Bombay had reached a very low level at present.

Concluding, he urged that a strong organization should be started to carry on strenuous and effective propaganda work on the lines of the Home Rule League five years ago.

NATIONAL MEDICAL COLLEGE STUDENTS SORROW.

A meeting of the students of the National Medical College was held on Wednesday the following resolution was passed:

"Students of the National Medical College, Bombay, express their deep sorrow at the untimely and deplorable death of Deshbandhu Das at a time when his services were needed by the country in the most critical stage of its politics."

GOVT. IMPOSITION.

POLICE FORCE TO COST 5000 ANNUALLY.

GOOTY, June 19.

The whole of the special police force sanctioned for Gooty is stationed at Gooty and 26 adjoining villages. The force which consists of one Sub-Inspector, one head Constable and ten Constables will be retained for three years and will cost five thousand yearly besides a non-recurring expenditure of Rs. 4,000, the whole of which will be recovered from the inhabitants of Gooty.

Mr. Courtenay Special Commissioner appointed to inquire into the necessity for this imposition commenced an inquiry this forenoon. The district authorities have about forty witnesses including officials, acquainted with the history of the local factions and troubles connected therewith. —A. P.

A BREEZE.

PRIVATE CONVERSATION AT OPEN INQUIRY.

GOOTY, June 20.

A breeze occurred to-day before Mr. R. H Courtenay, Special Commissioner who is investigating the question of punitive police force in Gooty District. When one of the witnesses said that revenue from toddi-shops in the villages under the influence of Chinnarappa Reddy, leader of one party, had diminished and some of the shops had to be closed, Mr. Upendra Pal, Collector and District Magistrate, who was seated by the side of the Special Commissioner remarked that though revenue had gone down consumption of toddy had not as illicit distillation was going on.

Dewan Bahadur Kesava Pillai, Deputy President, Madras Legislative Council, who was watching the proceedings said: "We have nothing to do with that here."

Mr. Upendra Pai then spoke to the Special Commissioner in a low tone of which Mr. Keshava Pillai objected and stated there should be no private conversation at an open enquiry.

Mr. Upendra Pai: But this will now go on record.

Mr. Kesava Pillai: Nor should it go into the ears of the Special Commissioner without allowing the public to know what it is.

Mr. Upendra Pai: Please don't dictate to everybody.

Mr. Kesava Pillai: I don't dictate. I am only appealing to the Special Officer not to allow any conversation which we do not hear.

Mr. Upendra Pai: You know I am the District Magistrate.

Mr. Kesava Pillai: You are as good as anybody else here. At this stage the enquiry was adjourned.—A.P.

BANDRA RAILWAY OVERBRIDGE.

MUNICIPAL COUNCILLORS' ACTION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANDRA, June 19.

The new overbridge provided by the Railway authorities at Bandra, continues to evoke the unsmothered anathema of the travelling public. The authorities evidently cherish the belief that their widely advertised notice of pious regret has allayed public feeling, but in this they are sorely deluded and the sooner matters are mended the better will it be for the prestige of the Railway. The public mind is greatly incensed and the people are tired of the discomfort and inconvenience they are subjected to daily. Here and there one hears murmurs that if matters are not satisfactorily ended people would freely resort to the only remedy available that of crossing the lines and getting on to the new platform. One sincerely hopes the Railway authorities will not allow things to come to this pass.

That the Bandra public is greatly perturbed can be gathered by the notice of motion which Mr. H. J. Antia has given of moving a resolution at the meeting of the Bandra Municipal Board to be held on Tuesday, the 23rd instant protesting against the clumsy construction of the new overbridge.

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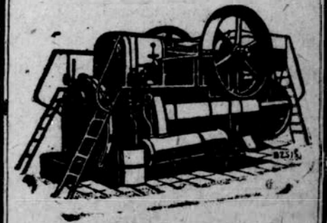

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CITY POLICE SCANDALS

THREE OFFICERS DISMISSED

DRASTIC STEP BY COMMISSIONER.

Mr. P. A. Kelly, Commissioner of Police, Bombay, has completed the enquiry in which three police officers of the City Police were involved in connection with gambling den case. All these officers, viz; Superintendent Fuller, Inspector Chapman and Deputy Inspector Daudkhan are dismissed from the police force. The decision was announced on Friday afternoon in the "durbar" which the Police Commissioner holds every Friday, which all the divisional police superintendents are invited to attend. At these "durbars" the Commissioner is having a heart to heart talk with his officers on their duties and also on current topics of the week. After some preliminary talk at last Friday's "durbar" he announced the order which has sent a thrill of terror among the police officers.

It is rumoured that another very high police official is also involved in the scandal and the Commissioner is making further investigations.

SHOCKING DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

TWO WOMEN STABBED, ONE FATALLY.

A domestic tragedy resulting in the death of a young Hindu woman occurred on Saturday at about 9 a.m. It appears Diwalibai who is a married woman lived with her husband and her mother in a house at Kika Street, near Nul Bazar. They had also a boarder named Monji. On Saturday at about 6-30 a.m. Diwalibai's husband left for his work and at about 8-30 a.m. Monji asked for his tea from Gulabbai, mother of Diwali. The tea being not ready Monji gave five pice to Diwalibai and told her to bring milk and sugar. When the tea was ready it was served to Monji on a bench and Diwalibai too took her meals squatting on the floor. When Diwalibai got up to drink water, it is alleged, Monji told Gulabbai to send her daughter Diwalibai to him. The mother resented the proposal and this apparently annoyed Monji. He instantly, it is said, caught hold of a knife in a fit of frenzy and first stabbed Diwalibai and when Gulabbai went to her rescue she too was stabbed. An alarm being raised neighbours came to the room and saw both the women in a pool of blood. They were removed to J. J. Hospital by the police where Diwalibai died soon after admission. Gulabbai is lying in a precarious condition. Monji, the assailant, is still at large.

An inquest was held on the body of Divalibai on Sunday when a verdict of death due to rupture of the lever caused by a stab wound was recorded. It was further remarked that the stab wound was caused by a table knife and inflicted by Mavji Kewerji, whose act amounted to a murder.

HEAT AND YOUR SKIN.

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MONKEY AS A DETECTIVE.

STOLEN PROPERTY DISCOVERED.

Madhavji Gigabhai, a cloth merchant of Cowasji Patel Tank Road closed his shop at 10-30 p.m. on the 17th instant and went home as usual. At 8 a.m. the next day his servant opened the shop and found that the contents lay scattered on the floor. There was a hole in the ceiling and three locks from a rear door, which leads to a sweeper's gully, had been removed. When Madhavji arrived at the shop, he found that embroidered and silk clothing valued at Rs. 3,465 had been stolen.

It appeared that the thieves had climbed on to the roof of the shop from Madhav Baug Temple compound and had entered the shop after cutting through two wooden rafters. They apparently made their escape through the back door. Being fraid to arouse attention by the size of their loot, the thieves left property valued at Rs. 1,115 on the roof. This property was discovered through the curiosity of a monkey who saw the bundle and attracted attention by examining it.

MOLESTATION OF YOUNG LADIES.

PATHAN GETS 8 DAYS' R. I.

At the Girgaum Police Court before a bench of Honorary Presidency Magistrates consisting of Mr. Erachshaw R. Heerjibehdin and Mr. Burjor S. N. Cooper. Sub-Inspector Pane, of the Gamdevi Police Station, charged a Pathan named Dost Mohmadkhan Ajijallaudinkhan with disorderly behaviour in a public place.

It appeared from the evidence that on Monday, the 15th instant, in the evening at about 6 o'clock four Parsi ladies including, Bai Freni Ruttanshaw and Bai Jar P. Asha were going from Cumbala Hill along Gibbs Road towards the Hanging Gardens. The accused, who is a Pathan, started following them from Messrs. Kemp and Company's premises. The ladies did not take any particular notice of this. Ultimately they went to the Gardens and the accused, to their great annoyance stared in front of them and made most insulting gestures towards them. The ladies got up and shifted to another bench. The accused also followed them and started the game there also. This was noticed by an elderly Parsi gentleman, Mr. Manekji Dorabji Daruvala, who was strolling in the garden by the time, upon which he and a Parsi young man, Mr. Dinshaw D. Mistry had the accused arrested by the police.

The accused pleaded not guilty to this charge. He stated that he did not do anything which warranted his arrest.

On the evidence before the Court the Magistrates were satisfied that the accused was guilty of a very gross misconduct. "Young ladies who go to these gardens for exercise must be protected" said the Magistrates; "against the molestations of the people of the type of the accused. The conduct of the old gentleman in going to the rescue of the young ladies and taking trouble of coming to the Court to give evidence deserves praise." The accused ought to be dealt with a strong hand. He was sentenced to 8 days' rigorous imprisonment which is the maximum sentence allowed by the section. He was further ordered to be bound over in the sum of Rs. 50/- to keep the peace for one year.

UNLICENSED POSSESSION OF OPIUM.

Inspector S. A. Kaderi of the Excise Department prosecuted Mahomed Abdulla before Mr. D. A. D. Khandallawalla, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate for possessing opium without a license.

The facts of the case were that the accused was a dock-labourer. While he was near Shed No. 3 Alexandra Dock, on Friday morning he was arrested a customs peon on suspicion. On a search being taken a few packets containing opium were found tied round his waist. The opium weighed 3 pounds 52 tolas and was valued at Rs. 340.

The accused pleaded guilty to the charge.

His Worship in view of the accused old age and infirm state sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 50 or in default to suffer rigorous imprisonment for two months.

CHARGED WITH SELLING OBSCENE CARDS.

At the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector R. B. Smith of Bombay C. I. D. charged Shankerlal Gangadhar, a Hindu, with selling obscene cards and books and applied for a remand till the 23rd instant.

Inspector Smith said the police received certain information that obscene cards and books were sold at Kalbadevi Road. A bogus purchaser was sent with some marked notes, whom the accused sold some obscene materials. Soon after the bargain was made the accused was arrested and the marked notes were found from his person. In a search of the shop 316 obscene cards and prints were found.

His Worship remanded the accused till the 23rd instant.

REPORTED THEFT.

Digamber Sitaram residing on the first floor of a building at Lamington Road, reports to the police that at about 10-30 a.m. on Thursday he went to his work as usual and on his return home at 8 p.m. his wife had locked the door of the room and had gone to visit her relateives. When she came back at 4 p.m. she found the lock still on the door but on entering the room she found a cup board open and saw articles strewn about. Jewellery and clothing valued at Rs. 765-1 had been stolen. A duplicate key appears to have been used.

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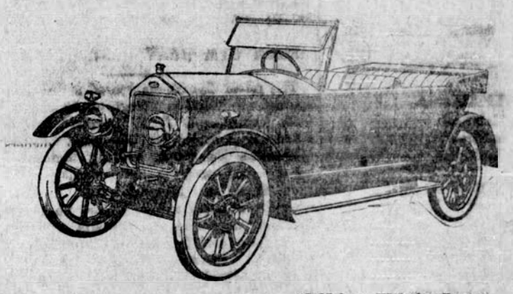

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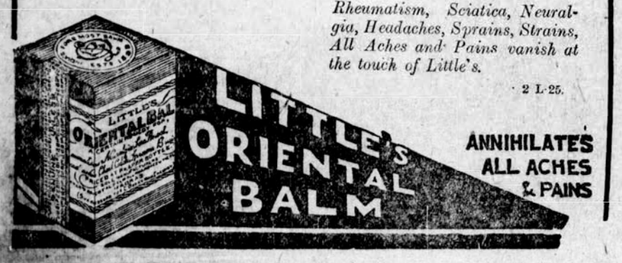

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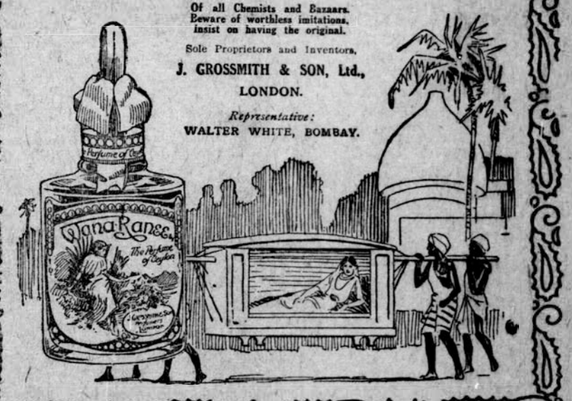

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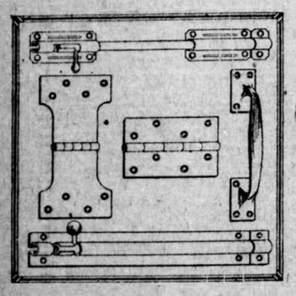

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Printed and published for the Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., by SORAB P. KAPADIA and edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Modows Street, Fort, Bombay.